Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MARCH 24, 1900. PRICE TWO CENTS.

"For ways that are dark and tricks that are vain the heathen Chinee is peculiar."

STRAW MATTING.

Is his stronghold. Nobody in the world but himself and his Jap cousin makes them. Ever know either to do anything that wasn't artistic? Even the cheapest matting they make has that same artistic twist to it, and the better ones—they're as full of the Chinaman as a nut is of meat. They make the cleanest, prettiest and cheapest floor coverings in the world.

Our spring patterns are here, from 12 1-2c. up.

A. C. Titus Company.

MARCH 19.

Our Prices This Week.

Large Turkeys, 13c. per lb.
Coggeshall Farm Eggs, 22c. a doz.; 5 doz. $1.
Choice Ducks, 18c. a lb.
Island Pork.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

MEN WITH GOOD COLTS

Powers Sent for Ten Who Would Shoot to Kill.

Evidence of Golden the Capstone in the Goebel Trial.

FRANKFORT, Ky., March 24.—The prosecution in the case against Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the Goebel assassination, introduced its principal witness today, F. Wharton Golden of Knox county, an intimate friend of Secretary Powers, and who is said to have made a confession implicating a number of people in the murder. Attorneys for the commonwealth say that Golden's testimony is practically the capstone of the whole structure of evidence, and expect to prove by his evidence not only that a conspiracy existed, but also who were implicated in it. The courtroom was jammed long before the hour set for the examination and when finally the doors were closed a large crowd remained outside. The commonwealth expects to rest its case during the morning session.

Just what testimony in rebuttal the defense will introduce is not known, but unless Golden's testimony proves sensational, it is considered probable that the defense will submit the case without argument.

Secretary of State Powers was the only one of the defendants brought into court, Captain Davis and Culton remaining in jail.

F. Wharton Golden of Barboursville was sworn as the first witness. He said he had known Secretary Powers 17 or 18 years and was a good friend of all the defendants. Witness was in Frankfort in January and February and saw Powers nearly every day. He was in Frankfort January 14 and went to Harlan county on the eighteenth, then went to Laurel county for two or three days, from there returning to Frankfort.

"Where then did you go? To Barboursville?" asked Attorney Campbell.

The witness refused to answer.

He was asked if Powers told him to go to Harlan county and tell Postmaster John Hirst to send down 10 witnesses in the contest case.

"He told me to go to Harlan county and tell Mr. Hirst to send down 10 men who were regular mountain feudists."

"What was your understanding of that request?"

"Well, men who would stand up, and if necessary go into that legislative hall and kill off enough to make it in our favor." I did not see Mr. Hirst. I saw James Howard. I told him we wanted 10 men who had good Colts, forty-fives."

"Were the forty-fives to be put in evidence?" asked Attorney Campbell.

"Most assuredly they were," answered Golden.

Golden said he did not know the witnesses who came to Frankfort. He delivered the message to Howard on the Sunday preceding the Goebel shooting.

"When did you see Caleb Powers?"

"I saw him Tuesday. I got on the train at Ferris station, Laurel county. He had a couple of men on the train named Pease and Locket. He told me to take care of them. I next saw Powers in Frankfort. I don't remember what conversation we had with them."

"Who selected the men who came from Harlan county?"

"Hump Howard selected 30 men besides the 10. Caleb Powers, I think, selected the men from Knox county. There were about 70 or 80. County Attorney Parks selected the men from Laurel county."

When witness saw Powers in London the secretary said he wanted a regular army of mountain men to come. In all about 12 or 1,500 men were brought to Frankfort, the witness said. They were fed back of the state house, Captain Davis and Charles Finley providing the provisions. Continuing, Golden said:

"We sent most of them back that night. By we, I mean myself, Powers, Captain Davis, William Culton and Governor Taylor. Finley, Taylor and Powers decided to send them back, all except 10 or 15 from each county. About 175 men from the mountaineers brought to Frankfort remained to see that we got justice. We understood what they were kept here for. We knew that those men were here to go into that legislative hall and if necessary clean out those fellows."

"What fellows?"

"The Democrats—enough to make a majority on our side."

The answer created a sensation in the courtroom.

Golden said that he was in the executive building on the day before the shooting. He met Caleb Powers in Governor Taylor's anteroom. Powers asked him to go to Louisville that day. He told John Powers he was going to Louisville with Caleb Powers.

During a lengthy argument over a technical point Golden became ill, and court was adjourned to 1:30 o'clock.

BOTH HANGED.

Agreed That Withdrawal of Troops Would be Followed by a Lynching.

RICHMOND, Va., March 24.—A meeting of citizens was held in the judges' office at Emporia this morning and it was voted to withdraw the troops, though the citizens agreed that a lynching would follow. The order for the departure of the soldiers has just been signed by the sheriff and judge. The Richmond light infantry blues will leave for home at once in a special train. The governor has protested against the withdrawal of the troops.

The troops left Emporia for Richmond at 11:25. The mob organized and the negro Cotton was hanged in a tree in the court house yard at 12:45. His body was then riddled with bullets. The attempt to lynch the white tramp failed.

Later—The negroes of Greensville have lynched O'Grady, the white man who was with Cotton, the negro, when he killed Saunders and Welton. Cotton was lynched earlier in the day by a mob of white men.

THREE FATALLY HURT.

Six Men Buried in a Cave-in on the Baltimore & Ohio.

PITTSBURG, Penn., March 24.—Six men were buried in a cave-in at White Hall tunnel on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad today. The men were rescued, but three are reported fatally hurt. It is supposed that the timbers were loosened by an explosion of blasting powder.

MARCH 24, 1900. ESTABLISHED 1882.

Our Furniture Department

Is showing a good selection of

Dining Tables,
Sideboards,
Writing Desks,
Bookcases, etc.

We have just received an enormous stock of Cretonnes, Moire, Tapestry, etc., suitable for draperies, furniture coverings and cushions for 75c. and 90c. a yard and upward.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Oriental Rugs. China. Furniture.

Second Edition.

COUNTRY QUIET.

People to the South Giving up Their Arms.

Roberts Says He Has No Special News to Report.

LONDON, March 24.—Lord Roberts telegraphs to the war office from Bloemfontein, under date of March 23, evening, as follows:

"There is no special news to report. The country south of this place is generally settling down. Numbers of arms have been delivered up and the people are beginning to recognize the advantage of bringing in supplies for sale. The movement of the troops in the western districts is being attended with good results."

SOMETHING HELD IN RESERVE.

Way the Optimists Interpret the Despatch from Roberts.

LONDON, March 24.—Lord Roberts's despatch saying he has nothing special to report is generally interpreted to mean that he hopes speedily to announce some intelligence gratifying to the British. The optimists even deduce from the number of minor items of news received that Lord Roberts has satisfactory news of the advance of the flying column from the southwards by a detour towards Mafeking.

In the meanwhile Colonel Plumer's position is arousing anxiety. He has with him three long trains of supplies for Mafeking, the loss of which would be serious, and further information about Commandant Eloff's movements is awaited with some trepidation, in view of the report that he was isolating Colonel Plumer's forces near Gaberones; but well informed people in South Africa are more hopeful than the inhabitants of this city.

A sword of honor is in readiness for presentation to Colonel Baden-Powell on the announcement of the raising of Mafeking's siege.

A despatch from Maseru, Basutoland, under yesterday's date, seems to dispose of the story that General French was fighting yesterday, but it indicated that a battle is imminent.

From elsewhere come stories of the Boers rallying at various points. Kroonstadt is well entrenched and General Joubert is preparing to make a determined stand, while the Boers in the eastern districts have been ordered to rally at Ficksburg, northward of Ladybrand, in the Orange Free State, doubtless with the view of attempting to intercept the junction of the forces commanded by Lord Roberts and General Buller. Another Boer force, at Fauresmith, southwest of Bloemfontein, is in a defiant mood, so the southern part of the Orange Free State is not yet subdued.

Sir Charles Parsons, commanding a column in the western district, composed of Canadians and others, has arrived at Van Wyksiei, between which and Kenhart a force of insurgents is reported to be entrenched.

Colonel Herchmer, commanding the Canadian mounted rifles, is convalescent at Carnavon and will rejoin Parsons Sunday.

FRENCH RESTING.

Distributing the Roberts Proclamation on the Free State Border.

BLOEMFONTEIN, March 23.—Advices from Thabanchu, between Bloemfontein and Ladybrand, on the Orange Free State border, dated March 21, say General French's force is resting there and distributing Lord Roberts's proclamation.

Brand, a son of the former president of the Orange Free State, Sir John Henry Brand, continues his duties as landdrost. He appears quite willing to cooperate with the new regime. The people generally outwardly express satisfaction with the advent of the British.

The insurgents in the northern part of Cape Colony have been detected in an ingenius swindle. It appears that before the departure of the Boers they purchased quantities of the notes of the Boer force, which they are now presenting to the British authorities, demanding compensation for property alleged to have been requisitioned or damaged. The loyalists, who are the actual losers of the goods, are infuriated.

Death of General Sir Edward Woodgate.

LONDON, March 24.—Advices received here announce the death in the Mooi hospital yesterday of General Sir Edward Woodgate, who was wounded in the engagement at Spion kop January 24.

Sir Alfred Milner at Dordrecht.

CAPE TOWN, March 24.—Sir Alfred Milner, who is on a mission northward, has arrived at Dordrecht.

Austrian Parliament Prorogued.

VIENNA, March 24.—The premier, Dr. E. Von Koerber, has sent the presidents of both houses of the Reichsrath a notice proroguing the parliament March 25.

STEAMER ARRIVED.

Queenstown, March 24, Etruria, from New York for Liverpool.

NOT ON FRIENDLY TERMS.

Ballington Booth Says Salvationists Are Opposing the Volunteers.

NEW YORK, March 24.—While still declining to give, except in court, his reasons for wishing to change his son's name from William Booth to Charles Brandon Booth, Commander Ballington Booth of the Volunteers of America says:

"There has been a report which has been made to the press which I wish to correct; that everybody thought the Salvation Army and the Volunteers of America, of which I am president, are on the most friendly terms. So far as the Volunteers are concerned they have sought to avoid opposition, friction and any bitterness, but all the Salvationists could do to thwart our purposes, to injure our cause and to influence our officers has been done. Not satisfied with the cruel treatment to Mrs. Booth, not satisfied with calling our people 'traitors,' 'devils' and 'street-walkers,' their leader, Commander Booth Tucker, has openly in their councils told their officers to pray for our downfall. They have gone over our heads to the landlords of our halls, offering them more money if they would evict our people and rent them the halls. They have said that the Volunteers are failing and are heavily in debt, which is not the case. We have paid every creditor.

"Apart from the legal reasons which we shall present in court, does any one wonder that our boy should want to cease to be associated with a movement which has so bitterly opposed and belied his father and mother? will make known more later. The Salvationists have even given out that Mrs. Booth's picture should be in the rogue's gallery."

MRS. PALMER'S FIRST OBJECT.

To Secure Appointment of Women to Congresses Not Limited to the Sex.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Mrs. Potter Palmer, commissioner to the Paris Exposition, who sailed today for Europe, in talking of her work in Paris, said:

"My principal interest is at present, and for some time will be, to procure the appointment of women on the different congresses of the exposition other than those limited to women. Such a course ought to be the natural outcome of their splendidly successful work at the Chicago fair. I want them to have an opportunity to show to the world their specialized knowledge, their high attainments in many different lines. Already women are on two important committees—Miss Scott of Bryn Mawr, on the congress of mathematics, and Miss Emily Sartain, on that of designs for carpets. But I think that women should be represented in all congresses on sociology and education and all institutional work. Mrs. Charles Henrotin is going to represent me through the first week by writing to find out who of our representative women are to be in Paris at the time set for the various congresses."

CHICAGO'S GAS FIGHT.

Plans of the Ogden Company Likely to Result in a Conflict.

CHICAGO, March 24.—A contract has been signed by a syndicate of capitalists for the purchase of the new issue of $5,000,000 bonds of the Ogden Gas Company. The stockholders will meet April 10 and consider the question of its ratification. Simultaneously with the partial consummation of the sale came the announcement that, with the $5,000,000 realized from the bonds, the company will at once extend its present plant to the west and south divisions of the city. The plans involve a probable fight with the People's Gas, Light & Coke Company as to territory and gas prices.

THREATEN TO STRIKE.

Detailed Demands of Ten Thousand Bronx Borough Workmen.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Ten thousand Bronx borough carpenters, plumbers, painters, mill hands, paper hangers and other building workmen who threaten to strike April 2 for an advance in wages have sent a circular to all Bronx borough employers, demanding that all men must be paid weekly Saturday, before 12 o'clock noon, and that not more than one day's pay shall be kept back; that the rate of wages in Bronx shall be $3.50 and in Mount Vernon $3.25 for eight hours' work; Saturday to be a half holiday; that in all mills in the Bronx and Mount Vernon the wages shall be $17 per week for 50 hours' work.

TO PRESENT THEIR CASE.

Chicago Building Trades Council to be Heard by the Federal Industrial Committee.

CHICAGO, March 24.—At the building trades council meeting last night an invitation from the sub-committee of the federal industrial committee, in session at the Auditorium, was read, requesting that labor men appear before the commission and present their side of the labor troubles. The invitation was accepted, and President Edward Carroll asked that each of the 33 trades appoint a representative to meet the commission.

SOME ALREADY AT WORK.

Concord Strike of the Granite Cutters Entirely at an End.

CONCORD, N. H., March 24.—The granite manufacturers here have arranged satisfactory terms with the tool sharpeners and the local strike is entirely at an end. The men in some of the shops went back to work this morning, and the others will follow, except at the New England Granite works, whose managers have not signed the compromise agreement.

Do you want to see the latest things for spring and summer? Novelties in weave and pattern, including exclusive styles.

COMMERFORD,
Tailor,
218 Thames Street,
next to Seabury's.
TELEPHONE.

SMOKE
"Postoffice Square"
—AND—
"NUMBER 83"
5c. Cigars,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
—OF—
J. D. Richardson & Co.,
306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

A CARD.

THANKING MY MANY PATRONS OF '99 I WISH TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE SAMPLES FOR 1900 EAGLE BICYCLES HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE ALREADY SELLING AT SIGHT. I INVITE CRITICISM.

B. J. FOY.

TELEPHONE 235-4.

IF YOU HAVE A THOUGHT

That leans toward spring clothing, the garments are here to clinch it. Our display of

MEN'S SUITS and TOP COATS at $10, $12 and $15

has no rivals in this city. The styles and patterns are entirely away from the ready-made idea; they represent the best thought of the best makers and are sure to please.

MODEL CLOTHING CO.

192 & 194 Thames Street.

NEW YORK CENTRAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Contracts Awarded for 35,000 Tons of Steel Rails and 140 Bridges.

NEW YORK, March 24.—A contract for 35,000 tons of steel rails, sufficient to relay 285 miles of road, has been placed by the New York Central with the Carnegie Steel Company. The contract guarantees these rails for five years, but they are expected to last twice that time. They are to be laid on the main line of the road as soon as they can be manufactured, and it is planned to put them all in this year. The laying of these rails is only part of the improvements which this line expects to complete during the present year. Contracts for 140 new bridges between Buffalo and New York have been awarded.

Death of Father Purcell of Greenfield.

GREENFIELD, Mass., March 24.—Rev. Mark E. Purcell, pastor of the Holy Trinity Roman Catholic Church, died this morning, after an illness of one week of pneumonia. Father Purcell was born in Weymouth in 1850, and had been in charge of churches in Thorndike, Holyoke, Indian Orchard and Greenfield. He had been pastor of Holy Trinity Church for 15 years. He was very popular in this section of the state and had a wide acquaintance among all classes of people.

A Wickford Pension.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Original—James Eldridge, Wickford.

POWELL'S
Cough Syrup.
Excellent for Coughs and Colds.
PREPARED BY
FRANK L. POWELL,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

The Superiority of
Our Boys' Clothing
Is based on knowledge—experience—care.

Knowledge,
Made sure by tests that the cloth is positively all wool;

Experience,
Of tailors who working for boys only, are best qualified to make what boys want and

Care
That every suit is absolutely correct in fashion fit and finish before it leaves the store.

This applies to the low-priced as well as the better grades.

Newport One-Price Clothing Co.

LILLIPUTIAN BAZAAR,
SECOND FLOOR.

G. E. Vernon & Co.,
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC
Modern and Antique
FURNITURE
—AND—
Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.
NEWPORT.

THE BEE HIVE.

Corset Department News.

WE HAVE TAKEN THE EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR NEWPORT OF THE

Flexibone Moulded Corsets,

The American Corset for the American Woman.

The corset that is different from all others, better than all others, for it contains the centralized elements of the modern, the exclusive, perfected principles of life modeling for every type of womanhood, to which has been added the science of chemistry, which renders Flexibone the peer of stays yet introduced. You will never know how good they are until you try them.

IF YOU HAVE NEVER WORN FLEXIBONES YOU HAVE NEVER REALIZED CORSET COMFORT, CORSET POSSIBILITIES OR CORSET ECONOMY.

A trial of this corset is the solution of and end of all corset worry.

FLEXIBONES ARE THE MOST POPULAR-PRICED HIGH GRADE CORSETS IN THE WORLD.

Special for Friday and Saturday.

25 dozen dark blue wrappers, with deep flounce and nicely trimmed, and in very pretty designs. Never before sold for less than 75c., for the two days we offer them a only 55c.

This Morning's News.

PLUMER'S PLIGHT.

Boer Force Trying Hard to Cut Off His Retreat.

LONDON, March 23.—A despatch to the Daily News from Lourenzo Marquez, says:

"It is reported here from Pretoria that Commandant Eloff is isolating Colonel Plumer's forces near Gaberones."

The war office has issued the following from Colonel Plumer:

"Lobatsi, March 14. The Boers advanced from the south in considerable force this morning. They first advanced from Gondess siding. After a sharp little engagement, Lieutenant Colonel Rodies's advance post was compelled to retreat. The retirement was excellently carried out to our main position. The casualties included Lieutenant Chapman and a corporal, prisoners, and two missing, probably prisoners. Five troopers were wounded. Chapman's horse fell with him, close to the enemy, who immediately surrounded him.

"The exact Boer casualties are unknown, but several were shot at short range.

"In the afternoon the Boers advanced further north and shelled our position from a ridge on our left. Our 12½-pounder replied, the artillery duel continuing until sunset.

"Lieutenant A. J. Tyler has since died of wounds. One native was killed."

A despatch to the Daily News from Warrenton, dated Thursday, describing Lord Methuen's position there, says:

"A small flanking force, sent through Boshof, secured an important crossing, where the pont or ferry had been destroyed, but, foreseeing this, Lord Methuen had another pont built which is ready to be sent thither.

"The cavalry and infantry column is en route for this point. Thus the position of the Boers at Fourteen Streams is formidably threatened.

"Lord Methuen is confident of his ability to push aside the opposition on the Vaal river when the proper time comes."

A Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing Thursday, says:

"A letter from Mr. Poulteney, an interpreter in the Free State courts, has been received by his wife here, in which the writer declares that General Joubert is commanding the combined forces at Kroonstadt where there is plenty of men, guns and foodstuffs for a determined resistance."

A despatch from Bloemfontein says the rebellion in the Prieska district has been suppressed and Lord Kitchener is returning there.

It is reported at Springfontein that Mr. Steyn has been deposed from the presidency and that the public affairs of the Free State are being administered by a committee at Kroonstadt.

A despatch from the Boer Camp at Kroonstadt says: Affairs are being put in proper shape and the Free Staters who had to leave are returning in crowds. The President's proclamation has shown the burghers that the government is standing firm. The commands are mobilizing in great numbers and the men are more determined than ever.

President Steyn has issued a proclamation in which he warns the burghers who lay down their arms and help the English that they are liable to the utmost punishment as traitors.

PORTO RICANS STARVING.

Demonstrations Against the Delay of the United States.

PONCE, Porto Rico, March 23.—The situation here is more serious than it has been at any time before since the terrible hurricane. In many places the poor are starving. The prices of rice, beans and codfish have increased from 50 to 100 per cent.

Demonstrations against the delay of the United States government have recently been held, not only at San Juan, but at Mayaguez, Yauco, Arecibo, Aguadilla, Fajardo, Juana Diaz, Guayama and many other towns. The people are unable to understand the delay, and they condemn the Americans indiscriminately. Bad feeling is arising which it will take years to overcome, and even riots are threatened.

Even wealthy land owners cannot command ready cash, and many Americans are penniless, being glad to work for their board.

BY A STRICT PARTY VOTE.

Senate Adopts the Porto Rice Relief Conference Report.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—The Senate finally passed the Porto Rico relief appropriation bill, as reported through conference committee, by a strict party vote of 37 to 15 this afternoon, after an amusing and at times exciting running debate between Senators Tillman of South Carolina and Spooner of Wisconsin.

When the bill passed the Senate before there was no record vote and the action seemed to be unanimous, but although no important change was made in the bill in the conference committee, it was associated, when it got back to the Senate, with the Porto Rican tariff bill, and a partisan debate followed, in which, as Senator Spooner said today, comparatively little was said about the relief appropriation, while a great deal was said about the general Porto Rico question.

In the course of the debate today between Senators Tillman and Spooner, which at first kept the Senate and the galleries in a roar, they went far afield and discussed over again the treatment of the negroes in the South, and particularly in South Carolina after the carpet bag regime. Mr. Tillman once more avowed frankly that they had "shot the niggers" and had done everything else by fraud and violence that was necessary to re-establish white supremacy in South Carolina, holding the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments and the legislation under them to be null and void.

PREFERS A CABINET PLACE.

George Fred Williams Not a Candidate for Vice President.

BOSTON March 23.—The position which Hon. George Fred Williams will probably take in the approaching Presidential campaign is a topic which has given rise to more or less speculation from time to time in political circles, and is a matter of general interest in Massachusetts. Since 1896 his name has been commonly mentioned in connection with the Vice Presidential nomination on the Democratic ticket, and this gossip has recently taken the form of a story that an organized movement was on foot in the Massachusetts delegation to the national convention whereby he was to be formally put forward as the candidate of the Democracy of this state for the second place on the ticket, a movement which is also said to have found considerable endorsement in the South and West.

To those, however, who are familiar with Mr. Williams's personality and his views of the existing political conditions it has long been known that his ambitions do not lie in the direction of the Vice Presidency, and yesterday he authorized a statement of his position, which ought to make it clear that he has no intentions of entering upon a contest for the office in question.

It is an accepted fact among his political intimates that a cabinet position under Mr. Bryan, in the event of the latter's election, would be far more congenial to Mr. Williams than the Vice Presidency, and for that reason there is no desire to "boom" him for the nomination to the second place on the ticket. As Attorney General, for instance, he would without doubt have all the opportunity any man might desire to achieve fame by attempting to enforce whatever anti-trust legislation he would find on the statute books, and to suggest as drastic remedies as could be devised for solving the problem.

Representative William S. McNary, who is the secretary of the Democratic state committee and qualified as well as any one to speak for that organization, said yesterday that Mr. Williams's name would not be presented to the convention as the Massachusetts candidate for Vice President if that gentleman's personal wishes were considered.

"This story," said Mr. Williams, "is becoming as familiar as the suggestion of Richard Olney for the Democratic nomination for President, and I should say there is just about as much possibility in it.

"My attitude respecting the Vice Presidential nomination is perfectly well known to the men in the state and elsewhere who are in my confidence. It was made known last fall, when a ridiculous report was sent out after I had had a conference with Mr. Bryan in New York to the effect that I was to become a candidate for this place with Mr. Bryan's approval. I defined myself then as being absolutely in no sense of the term a candidate either for the Vice Presidency or any other office, and as having discouraged the mention of my name in such a connection.

"Up to the present time I have not altered my position in the slightest degree. So far from being a party to this talk or to any alleged movement looking to the placing of my name upon the ticket with Mr. Bryan. I have done what I could to discourage everything of the sort. It is indeed true that I have been approached from time to time by men of position and influence in the Democratic party in various parts of the country who were kind enough to suggest that my nomination for Vice President would bring a certain amount of strength to the ticket, because of a natural approval which the people always have given to any man who has stood persistently for a cause in the midst of a hostile community. Intimations of the kind indicated have, I say, been made to me by friends who did not wish to embark upon a distinct movement in my behalf unless they could feel, as they would if they went ahead have the right to expect, that I would back them up. To these men I have invariably replied: 'No, I am not a candidate; I have no desire whatever for the nomination, and I wish you to discourage the suggestion whenever you hear it made.'"

TWENTY BLIND GIRLS "SEE" TERRY ACT.

While Miss Terry was at Washington recently, she visited the Congressional Library and took great interest in the pavilion of the blind, and listened with much astonishment when the superintendent said: "I am in hopes that in time we may secure free sittings for them in the theatres, as is done for them now on the Continent, where they can hear and enjoy the standard plays."

"But would they enjoy it?" asked Miss Terry, "when they could not see the acting?"

"Oh, yes, indeed," answered Miss Giffin, "Perhaps you do not know it, but the loss of sight of the eyes is largely made up to those who are thus afflicted in the marvelous sight of the mind. Their imaginative powers are wonderful, and their keen minds picture all that they hear so vividly that I sometimes think they realize more fully what is going on about them than they would if they saw it with natural eyes."

"Well, then," said Miss Terry, "let us, you and I, inaugurate in this country the custom of sending the blind to the theatres. I will send you the tickets for as many as you think would care to go to hear me in 'The Amber Heart,' Saturday afternoon, and then you can bring them."

On the next Friday the tickets were sent, according to the promise, and a happier party was never seen than were the 20 blind persons Miss Giffin took with her to the theatre the following day. Excellent seats had been reserved for them, and all during the play they listened with rapt attention. So acute were their ears that several times during the afternoon when Miss Terry turned her face toward them in speaking they would whisper excitedly to one another, "See! She is looking at us; she is saying that just to us!" When the play was over, at her invitation they gathered in one of the boxes and she came down to meet them. She sat down among them while each one lightly passed her skilful fingers over her face and called her their "Beautiful, beautiful Ellaline," and poured out their gratitude to her for what they declared was the happiest afternoon of their lives.—[Philadelphia Evening Post.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

The Royal Weaving Company of Central Falls, according to the statement of Agent Joseph Ott, has practically completed arrangements to buy what is known as the Potter & Johnson tract of land in Darlington, Pawtucket. The land comprises about six acres, and is next to the land on which is being built the new Potter & Johnson machine shop. It is expected that the deeds will be passed in a short time. The plant of the company is located in Central Falls and consists of two mills, the last one of which was built in 1897. The company endeavored to secure more land in Central Falls, but being unable to do so went to Pawtucket. The loss to Central Falls will be considerable, for the company intends to erect two mills, one a silk, and the other a velvet mill. The two mills will be similar to the one constructed in 1897, which is 320 by 77 feet, and the two mills will give employment to between 500 and 600 hands.

In response to a petition by Henry W. Hayes, who succeeded Wingate Hayes as receiver of the Warwick bank, a decree was entered by the appellate court yesterday, authorizing the receiver to declare a further dividend of 35 per cent of the face value of the bills of the bank, which have been duly filed with the former receiver. He is also authorized to withdraw from the funds now deposited to his credit in the Hospital Trust Company such sums of money as may from time to time be necessary to pay the current expenses of the receivership and all authorized dividends.

The application of Charles W. Parmelee for 400 acres of land in Wickford harbor for the laying out of oyster beds was not granted yesterday by the shell fish commissioners. The remonstrants were represented by Attorney McDonnell and some testimony was offered, after which the commission decided against Mr. Parmelee. The remonstrants showed that the leasing of the grounds would deprive them of good natural scallop grounds and of a livelihood. Mr. Parmelee, however, was successful in other applications. He was granted 50 acres at Rocky Point and 200 acres at Pine Hill point, Prudence island.

J. Millar, assistant inspector of construction of the United States life saving service, has been at the Point Judith and Narragansett Pier stations in relation to proposed repairs and improvements, and it is stated that very extensive improvements are under consideration for all the stations embraced in the Third district, of which Lieutenant Newcombe is assistant inspector, and H. M. Knowles assistant superintendent.

Twenty spinners, who have been at work in the new Lafayette yarn mill for the past 12 days, struck Wednesday afternoon on receiving their pay. The strikers say that they were receiving only $1 20 a day, and should receive at least $1.50 for their work. Superintendent Loridans was asked for this increase, but he told the strikers that he could not pay over $1 20 a day. When questioned in regard to the strike, the superintendent said that only four or five employes had left work, and that their places had easily been filled; that things were running as smoothly as ever, and that large numbers came to the mill every day in search of work.

Mrs Julia A. Herreshoff, mother of the well known yacht designer, Nathaniel G. Herreshoff, observed the eighty-ninth anniversary of her birth Tuesday, at the homestead in Bristol. Nearly all the sons and daughters of the large family, except James Herreshoff, who is in California, were present to celebrate the event, and were accompanied by members of their families. A feature of the evening was the presentation by the children to their mother of a handsome silver loving cup, on which were inscribed the names of all the children and the name of the recipient, with the date of the presentation and occasion.

A WONDERFUL FIRE ALARM.

A fire alarm recently invented is a combination of the graphophone and telephone. In the use of the talking alarm one of the graphophone machines is placed on each floor of a building and connected with the telephone fire alarm system. For each machine a record is prepared. For instance, the graphophone on the second floor of a building would contain the record, "There is a fire on the second floor," etc. This record is then adjusted so that these words are repeated into the telephone by the expanding of a thermostat whenever a fire occurs. In this way the origin of a fire is located immediately and automatically. The alarm also lights the electric lights in the building, sets a red light blazing in front of the building to guide the firemen and sounds the alarm into the street through a giant megaphone—so it is said.—[Science Siftings.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Just What You Want.

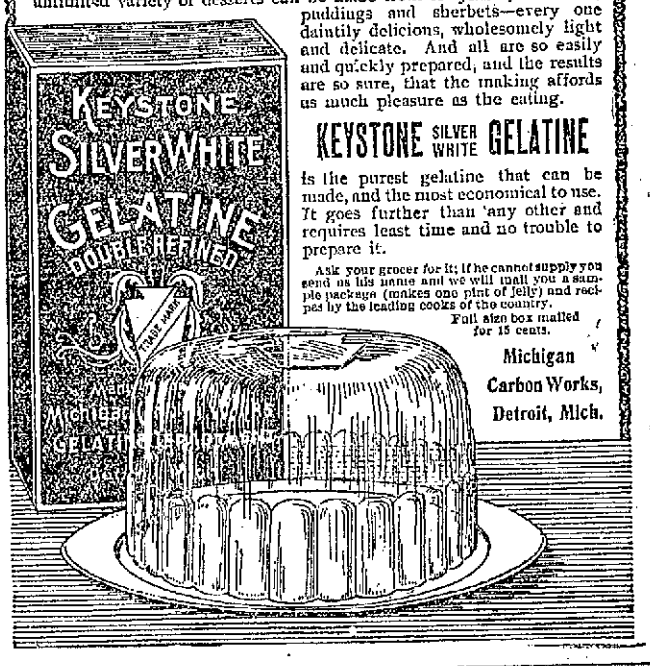
The Columbia Chainless with the Automatic Coaster Brake.

Makes the finest running wheel on the market. Chain wheels from $25 to $60.
WE ARE FULLY EQUIPPED FOR REPAIR WORK AND CAN GIVE THE BEST PRICE FOR GOOD WORK.

C. C. & A. H. Popple, 134 Bellevue Ave.

Every Dinner's a Feast

If the dessert is made from Keystone Silver White Gelatine. An almost unlimited variety of desserts can be made from it—jellies, charlottes, puddings and sherbets—every one daintily delicious, wholesomely light and delicate. And all are so easily and quickly prepared, and the results are so sure, that the making affords as much pleasure as the eating.



KEYSTONE SILVER WHITE GELATINE

is the purest gelatine that can be made, and the most economical to use. It goes further than any other and requires least time and no trouble to prepare it.

Ask your grocer for it; if he cannot supply you send on his name and we will mail you a sample package (makes one pint of jelly) and recipes by the leading cooks of the country.

Full size box mailed for 15 cents.

Michigan Carbon Works, Detroit, Mich.

PROVISIONS.

A FULL LINE OF

Fresh Vegetables

AT

Fred B. Coggeshall's,

2 Washington Square.

GREEN PEAS,	OYSTER PLANT,
STRING BEANS,	LETTUCE,
BEET TOPS,	RADISHES,
BRUSSEL SPROUTS,	CUCUMBERS,
DANDELIONS,	TOMATOES,
SPINACH,	RHUBARB,

ALSO RIPE STRAWBERRIES.

SELECTED

Rhode Island Turkeys

FRESH TABLE EGGS A SPECIALTY.

JOHN BLUCK & CO.

103 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

DEERFOOT FARM

Sausage, Bacon, Cream

—AT—

The Sea Side Market.

Office of the

CITY SEALER

—OF—

Weights and Measures.

CITY WHARF,
NEWPORT, R. I., March 21, 1900.

I hereby give notice as required by law, to all persons engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who use Weights and Measures, to bring in to the Sealer's Office within one month from the 1st day of April, his Weights, Measures and Balances to be adjusted and sealed.

An Act in Amendment of Chapter 167 of the General Laws. Passed February 28th, 1899.

SEC. 16. Every person engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or of selling, or as a public weigher, who shall use, or permit to be used for him, or have in his possession at his place of business, or upon any cart, wagon or other vehicle which is used by him in carrying on his business, or upon his person while engaged in his business, any weight, measure, balance, or scale of whatever description, unless such weight, measure, balance or scale shall have been duly sealed in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, and every such person, who alters any weight, measure, balance or scale, after it has been duly sealed, so that it does not conform to the United States Standard, and every such person who shall use, or permit to be used for him, or have in his possession, as aforesaid, any weight, measure, balance or scale, which he has refused to allow to be examined or sealed by the sealer of weights and measures or deputy sealer according to the provisions of this Chapter, or who shall use, or permit to be used for him, or have in his possession any spring balance having a sliding or adjustable face plate or index, or any measure not made of the shape or dimensions required by law, shall be fined the sum of twenty dollars for each offence, one-half thereof to the use of the town or city in which the offence shall have been committed, and one-half thereof to the complainant.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect from and after its passage, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR,
City Sealer of Weights and Measures.

All measures, both dry and wet, must be brought to the Sealer's Office. Where it is not convenient for dealers to bring in their scales and weights, I shall call on them after the expiration of one month's notice as above.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR, City Sealer.

W. H. COFFIN,

Carpenter and Builder,

Langley's Wharf, Opp. Postoffice,
RESIDENCE 99 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

S. NICKELSON,

LANDSCAPE GARDENER.

Gentlemen's places taken care of by the day, month or year. Hedges and shrubs furnished at the lowest prices. Grading and laying out of new grounds a specialty.

Miantonomi Ave. P. O. Box 361.

THE TRADES.

GODDARD & BARLOW,

PRACTICAL

Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

Floor Tiles.

J. B. COTTRELL,

Marble and Granite Worker.

Work done in the best manner.
WARNER STREET. Opposite Island Cemetery.

M. A. McCORMICK,

Carpenter & Builder.

ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Office and Residence, 31 Dearborn St.
Telephone.

Charles H. Burdick & Sons,

CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Shop, Rear 33 Howard Street.
Office 43 Howard Street.
P. O. Box 125. Telephone.

Smith Bosworth & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
WINDOW FRAMES, ETC
WEST BROADWAY.

Stoddard & Gladding,

COTTAGE ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans for interior and exterior alterations.
Wood mantels of all descriptions.
Hardwood floors laid and waxed.
Sole agents for Berger's Classified Metal Ceilings.
SHOP, REAR 14 POPLAR STREET.

U. G. NASON,

Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work.
Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.
12 WEST BROADWAY.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,

House Painters and Decorators,

14 WEAVER AVENUE.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,

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Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Armsted Hurley.

When in need of Painting, Papering or Glazing

Call at Corner Bridge and Cross Streets.

New sample books of wall paper just received with newest styles in paper.

Slag Roof.

IT IS THE BEST ROOF KNOWN FOR FLAT SURFACES.

Warranted to last not less than 15 years and not over 20 years. Made with 5-ply, tarred between and tar and gravel on top.

Estimates cheerfully given.

GEO. O'BRIEN, Roofer,

20 Bellevue Ave. and Prison St.

Also special low prices on slate roofing.

MICHAEL KIRBY,

Contractor and Builder,

Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.

ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.

GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Removal!

LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO

32 MILL STREET.

Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.

DRUGGISTS.

Try Downing's

Special Compound

For that Cough and Hack.

This preparation will positively cure coughs, colds, influenza, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DOWNING BROTHERS.

PHARMACISTS,
42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Homœopathic Remedies

A full line of Boericki & Tafel's Humphrey's, Munyon's and Bronco Remedies. Also Humphrey's Veterinary Remedies always in stock.

GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
106 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.

A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist,
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WM. H. COTTON,

Druggist and Apothecary,

Old No. 145. New No. 220 THAMES STREET.

MASSAGE.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.

General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 16 Newport avenue.

Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.

Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 206 Spring street. Telephone 875-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,

Office, 70 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

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PORTRAITS

from miniature to life size finished in a variety of styles. Copying, Interior or Exterior Views of any kind. Sittings by appointment.

"REMBRANDT" STUDIO,
202 Thames Street.

Telephone 121-2.

Kodaks, $5 to $35.
Gram-o-phones.
Electrical Novelties.

GEO. H. CHASE,

Room 4, over 201 THAMES ST. Up one flight.

What Ails the Glasses.

Sometimes the wearer of glasses rubs and rubs to polish them in order to remove that blurry sensation. That blur does not come from the glass but does come because the glasses are not the ones fitted to the eye. To avoid further trouble you should change them. Get those that fit. I provide perfect-fitting glasses for imperfect eyes.

L. N. VAUGHAN,

Refracting and Dispensing Optician,

88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

TAYLOR, CARR & ANDREWS,

176 DEVONSHIRE ST., BOSTON.
Engineers and Contractors for Concrete Masonry.

ARTIFICIAL STONE,

Tar, Concrete and Asphalt Walks and Drives, Stable Floors, Water-Tight Cellars.

Wm. Shepley, Newport Agt.,
7 OAK STREET

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AWNINGS

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Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue

Telephone 224-2

Arctic Ice Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Natural and Artificial Ice.

THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE OF THE BEST QUALITY AND IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED.

PROMPT ATTENTION AND DELIVERY BY EXPERIENCED DRIVERS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

Office Commercial Wharf
JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

Seed Potatoes.

My first car of seed potatoes has arrived, consisting of New Queens, Early Rose, Behrens, Early Northern, White Rose and Fortune, and all those wishing first-class seed at the right price according to quality, will do well to call and look this stock over.

I have also all kinds of Peas, Beans and small vegetable or flower seeds. A splendid mixture of Sweet Peas, consisting of 30 varieties.

Now is the time to give me an order to call for your Lawn Mower and have it put in order by a first-class machinist.

H. L. DEBLOIS, 80 Broadway.

A Sore Spot

Disappears at once when rubbed with JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. It is the foe to inflammation in any part of the body. For 80 years it has been a household remedy famous for the cure of coughs, colds, sprains, bruises—nearly 150 ailments and diseases.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment

should be kept on hand for emergencies. Two sizes, 25c. and 50c. Write for free book on "Treatment of Diseases." I. S. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass.

A PILL A DAY

One of Parson's Pills every day for a week will do more to cure Biliousness, Sick Headache and Constipation, and all Liver and Bowel Complaints, than a whole box of irritating, drastic pills or remedies.

Put up in glass phials, boxed, 25c.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO.
Boston, Mass.

CORRIGAN'S

BAGGAGE AND FREIGHT

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FURNITURE MOVING.
HEAVY TRUCKING.

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Try our 20c. Chocolates, Buttercups and Molasses Candy,

MADE FRESH EVERY DAY.

For colds there is nothing better than our Molasses Pep permints, made from pure molasses.

Ice Cream, Ices and Fresh Cakes always on hand.

C. F. Frasch,

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Funeral Director

—AND—

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Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.

Office
16 Franklin St,
Residence
1 School St.

Telephone at office and residence.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

VISIBLE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Total Eclipse of the Sun to Occur in the Month of May.

In one respect the sun's total eclipse of May 28 next will be without precedent. Its path, instead of extending over the sparsely settled regions, that intervene between Iowa and the western coast, as in 1878, or stretching over the watery expanses of the Pacific, as in 1883, when the United States had to send an expedition to the Caroline islands, 4,000 miles west of South America, or let the eclipse go unobserved, will cross the six states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina, touch Virginia and traverse a very fairly settled portion of the republic which is covered with a perfect network of rail. The track of totality begins on the Pacific ocean just west of Mexico at sunrise, trends due eastward over Mexico, enters the United States very near New Orleans, La., and extends northeastward over Mobile and Montgomery, Ala., passes close to Atlanta, Ga., and Columbia, S. C., over Raleigh, N. C., and leaves this country in the region of Norfolk, Va., and Cape Henry. Besides the cities named, it includes 30 other towns that are large enough to find place on the smaller maps. After leaving the United States the path of the eclipse crosses the Atlantic ocean and touches Europe at Coimbra, Portugal, takes in Algiers and northern Africa and terminates near the northern end of the Red sea at sunset. The eclipse will last about 3 minute and 12 seconds near New Orleans and 1 minute and 40 seconds near Norfolk.

Hitherto only the favored few who could afford to spend days and perhaps weeks in travel have been able to view the great spectacle; this time a million of people at least can witness the phenomenon from their own doorsteps. Other millions dwell within an easy day's journey of the path of totality, and far more than half the entire population of the country will be able to witness a portion of the show at home, for a partial eclipse will be visible in every state east of the Mississippi. Nature has arranged no similar display with such consideration for the masses within a generation. Total eclipses were visible in the United States in 1867, 1878 and 1889, but their paths did not traverse closely settled regions.

Already the railroads have begun to take advantage of the situation. Not one of the great cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and Louisville is more than 12 or 14 hours removed from the path of totality, while some are much nearer, and, according to Professor S. J. Brown, astronomical director of the naval observatory, arrangements are being made by several of the lines which connect those cities with convenient localities where the eclipse will be total to run special excursions, some on the day of the event and some on the day just preceding it. This will undoubtedly result in a temporary boom for many of the eclipse cities. Besides the great towns mentioned, every one of the Atlantic coast cities south of Norfolk is within easy reach of the great show, and every one of them will unquestionably send its quota of sightseers.

The accessibility of the path of the eclipse will render the coming event of incalculable value to science. Preparations are being made by nearly all the scientific institutions in the country to place their best instruments and most skilled observers in the field. The United States government will spend thousands of dollars establishing observation stations along the path of the eclipse. Uncle Sam's chief star gazer, Professor Brown, will have charge of the government's principal observations. He is making preparations for the work with a knowledge born of long experience and a natural genius in all matters appertaining to his science. He has been connected with the observatory for 19 years. He is a graduate of the Naval Academy at Annapolis and holds the rank of commander in the navy.

"Greater results are probable from the observations this year," says Professor Brown, "than from any taken heretofore. During the half decade since the last total eclipse there have been great strides in improvements in the apparatus employed in the work. Photography has been wonderfully developed and the improvements in photography alone may effect remarkable discoveries during this year's eclipse. Moreover, the ease with which the eclipsed region may be visited will increase the number of scientific observers enormously.

"The government is already preparing to occupy several stations along the path of totality. The necessary apparatus is being gathered and arranged and men specially adapted for the work are being engaged and their special parts in the observations are being outlined. Congress has allowed $5 000 to the naval observatory for expenses and $4,000 to the Smithsonian Institute. The naval observatory will send out two expeditions. The points from which they will observe the eclipse have not yet been chosen definitely, but they will probably be located about 200 miles apart, one in North Carolina and the other in Georgia. A floating cloud which might obscure the eclipse at one point may not affect in the slightest the view from the other, and it is to obviate the danger from cloudiness that has caused the division of forces.

"In anticipation of this year's eclipse the weather bureau has for three years past been collecting data of the weather conditions in past Mays along the line of totality at all times of the day. The result of this investigation has been to show that there is less danger of cloudiness in central Georgia and eastern Alabama, nearly due south of Atlanta, and that therefore this is the best region for locating the eclipse stations so far as that consideration is concerned. The scientists of the observatory, however, have taken thought of other conditions also, and although the period of eclipse is longer in the neighborhood of Norfolk, have about decided to establish stations on high ground in North Carolina and Georgia. The stations selected will be occupied two or three weeks before the eclipse. The instruments will be erected and the part each man is to take will be thoroughly rehearsed. There will be a careful division of the work during the eclipse. Each man will be assigned to some particular duty, and he will bend every effort to the gathering of all data possible in that connection. There will be but a minute and a half in which to make all the observations, and it is imperative that the whole affair should be carefully systematized and that each man should know definitely and absolutely what he is to do.

"No previous eclipse has had the attention of so many skilled observers as will watch this one. The Smithsonian Institute will have a corps in the field under Professor S. P. Langley. Princeton University will have a force under Professor Young, the University of Pennsylvania under Professor Stone, and the Yerkes observatory will conduct an expedition with Professor Hale at its head. These are only a few of the institutions which are preparing for the field; in fact, practically every college and scientific institution in the country will be represented. All told, probably a hundred expeditions of this kind will be sent to the path of totality well equipped for some portion of the work.

"The eclipse will be a great attraction for amateurs—persons who own photographic outfits or other scientific instruments used in observing the phenomena of the solar eclipse. Letters have been received at the observatory which warrant the prognostication that probably 1,000 of these unattached 'amateurs' will be somewhere along the path of the eclipse. The government does not discourage these amateurs, but rather gives them every encouragement and courts contributions of photographs and data from them to add to the government records. It is remembered that one of the finest sets of photographs of the eclipse in India in 1896 was taken by an amateur with a home-made camera, but one having an excellent lens. Amateurs have been a help in the field in many instances, and they are always ready to volunteer their services. When Professor Campbell of the Lick observatory went to observe the eclipse in India he took only his wife for an assistant; on the field he found all the trained volunteers necessary to manipulate the seven instruments he made use of.

"The expeditions sent out by the naval observatory will not be large ones. They will consist probably of five or six observers, including photographers. But the men sent will be the best procurable. The government naturally has superior resources to draw on for making observations. It has at its disposal the lenses and spectroscopes gathered during the last 25 years, and its appropriation of money is probably larger than any of the institutions could afford to devote to the purpose. Large instruments are now being prepared for use next May. A number of special photographic instruments, ranging from a 40-inch telescope down, will be erected on the field. Instruments will be selected in all cases because of special fitness."

The naval observatory will shortly have ready for distribution a little pamphlet containing a map of the path of the eclipse on a sufficient scale to show most of the towns and cities, railroads and streams and the elevation of points along the path of totality, together with the exact time of the eclipse. It will also contain suggestions for amateurs, by following which they may be able to contribute much that is valuable from their observations.

After the eclipse the observatory will publish a complete report of observations, with reproductions of photographs and drawings. Any sketches, photographs and observations of contacts in any observation of sufficient merit to make them worthy of preservation will gladly be received by the scientists and included in this publication.

MENU FOR MONDAY.

For I am nothing if-not critical.—["Othello."

Breakfast.

Stewed Prunes.
Frizzled Beef. Cream Potatoes.
Hot Biscuits. Toast.
Coffee.

Luncheon.

Fritters. Sliced Tomatoes.
Wafers. Tea.

Dinner.

Bisque of Celery.
Porterhouse Steak.
Parsnip Balls.
Stemmed Rice, Tomato Sauce.
Celery and Nut Salad.
Blancmange.
American Cheese.
Coffee.

Frizzled Beef. To four cupfuls of chipped dried beef allow one tablespoonful of butter, half a pint of milk and one tablespoonful of flour. Put the butter into a frying pan, add the meat and stir until butter is brown (about two minutes); put in the flour and brown again, then add the milk and little pepper. Stir until it boils. Serve.

MORE NAVAL OFFICERS NEEDED.

Pressure is being brought by the Navy Department upon Congress to obtain legislation which will provide a sufficient command and enlisted force to equip the naval vessels now available, or which will soon be ready for sea. It has been recommended that immediate measures be taken to increase the number of graduates from the Naval Academy. It has been suggested to the naval committee that the appropriation bill might be reported with a clause to this effect:

"There shall be allowed at the Naval Academy 20 naval cadets appointed at large, and two naval cadets for each state nominated by the Senators thereof, and when any cadet at the Naval Academy shall have completed his four years' course, his place at the Academy shall become vacant, and nomination to fill such vacancy shall be made in the manner now prescribed by law; provided that all laws and parts of laws limiting the number of appointments of commissioned officers of the navy and marine corps, to be made annually from the graduates of the Naval Academy, are hereby repealed."

The proposed resolution would give 466 cadets, divided into four classes, and an average yearly number of graduates available for the line of about 58.

DEMAND FOR DEAD BIRDS.

The woman who insists there is no harm in wearing one single bird on her hat may be given pause when she reads that one New York firm has made a contract with Delaware farmers for 20,000 birds for the Easter trade. Twenty thousand birds represent the demands of the public upon one firm and the number of firms that supply the market must reach into the hundreds. The matter of wearing birds grows into one of national importance, when such numbers are concerned. When one considers that these 20,000 birds engaged by the New York wholesale house are to be snatched as the birds come north, limiting the number for next season by the 20,000 killed plus their natural progeny of this season, the harm done assumes the proper proportion. Crows, redwing blackbirds, meadow larks, bluebirds, and young owls—these beautiful creatures that lend to the glory of our summer days are coolly listed as the birds desired.

Are women so wantonly selfish, so lacking sensitiveness and love for the things of nature that they deliberately make this demand for the carcasses of God's creatures? Are farmers so lacking in the first essentials of knowledge of the value of birds as insect destroyers and the natural protectors of crops, that they will heed this unnatural demand and deliberately rob themselves of God-given assistants?

Lest the farmers may not realize the enormity of their offence, the American Ornithological Association is sending out circulars to the farmers of Delaware, pointing out the value of the birds as insect destroyers, and also calling attention to the laws protecting many of the birds under heavy fines. The association means to prosecute all cases of violation of the laws that come to light.—[New Bedford Standard.

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

LIFE'S SEASON.

The snow fell fast and thick, and while earth slept
The downy flakes were driven soft and light
Till over field and hedg'row they had crept,
Leaving a spotless carpet, pure and white.

And, on its surface pure and crisp,
Ere day had time to grow,
A little child ran out to see
Her footprints in the snow.

And now the earth is green, springtime has come at last,
Herald of summer sunshine, bringing sweet-scented flowers;
Roses, in clusters red and pink, shed their soft petals fast,
Scatter their fragrance far and wide,
dropping in wind-blown showers.

A maiden passes on her way, she dreams of hope and love,
The roses fain would kiss her, bending o'er her from above.

Chill autumn next, and following it
The bleak wind moans and cries,
And faded leaves, in varied tints, lie withering to decay;
The bare trees lift their branches, all sudden, to the skies,
As tho' to ask God's mercy on their storm-tossed boughs today.

Beneath them, on the rain-swept path,
A woman wanders slow;
Youth, joy, and hope, all vanish'd, dead,
Since the last long ago.

Her spring-time came, then summer sweet
Now autumn's chill, cold blast
Heralds the end inevitable; earth's day is well-nigh past.

But hope revives, joy wakes again, with winter's icy breath;
God brings her consolation, and gives her life in death.

—[Gertrude Donaldson, in New York Mail and Express.

FANCIES.

A gown then she gets; but gives me a shock,
By declaring her hat is too old for her frock.

—[Chicago Record.

She will not "go out," and alleges that
The frock which she has is too old for her hat.

Hicks—Did you ever notice that all pugilists are inveterate talkers?

Wicks—That usually is the case, I believe; but let us be thankful that all talkers are not pugilists.—[Boston Transcript.

Percie Swaetun—I wouldn't marry the best man alive. Would you?

Meena Zevver—Yes dear, I would, and I'm going to in about six weeks.—[Chicago Tribune.

"Why should we worry, Jack? Surely the world owes us a living."

"I'm afraid, though, that we are not on the list of preferred creditors."—[Brooklyn Life.

Bill—I understand Gayboy is one of the best known men in your town?

Jill—Why, he's so well known that he has to go out of town to borrow money!—[Yonkers Statesman.

"Bridget, you must be more careful with your dusting. I declare I could write my name upon the piano."

"Deed, ma'am, it's yersilf has the gran' eddycayshun!"—[Brooklyn Life.

He—Statistics show that the American Indian is gradually but slowly becoming civilized.

She—Dear me; I hope that they won't all get civilized before I can afford to buy a Navajo blanket.—[Detroit Free Press.

"You keep me waiting so long!" complained the customer.

"Madam," said the worried grocer, who was economizing in his business by employing only one clerk, "ain't you the woman that was in here yesterday kicking about short weights?"—[Chicago Tribune.

At a country fête a conjurer was performing the old trick of producing eggs from a hat, when he remarked to a little boy: "Your mother can't get eggs without hens, can she?"

"Of course she can!" replied the lad.

"Why, how is that?" asked the conjurer.

"She keeps ducks," replied the boy, amid roars of laughter.—[Tit-Bits.

FEMININE RECREATIONS.

Among actresses, first we find that Sarah Bernhardt has a taste for painting, sculpture and cycling, while in summer she delights in fishing, boating, tennis and literature, sometimes also in cliff-scaling. Ellen Terry is less ambitious, for she finds sufficient distraction in reading, driving and yachting, while her sister, Marion Terry, likes to go to the theatre on an off night to see what her brothers and sisters in art are doing. She also is passionately fond of flowers, loves music and enjoys a game of golf. Mrs. Brown Potter, although she made such a wicked miladi, amuses herself in a sufficiently innocent way, for she passes much of her time growing flowers, and is fond of all outdoor pursuits. Miss Ada Rehan cycles a good deal, reads much and loves travel. Mrs. Patrick Campbell is a superb musician and cycles. Handsome and stately Genevieve Ward distracts herself with riding, rowing, swimming, modeling and painting. Beautiful Julia Neilson also loves the water, for she swims and is at home on a yacht; she, too, rides a bicycle. Her cousin, Lily Hanbury, swims likewise, cycles and plays tennis. Gertrude Kingston loves every outdoor pursuit, especially cycling and skating.

Mme. de Navarro, who was once Mary Anderson, rides a great deal, loves music, cards, singing and reading aloud. Dainty Annie Hughes cycles and swims equally well, and Mrs. Kendal finds sufficient recreation in reading. Lady Monckton takes her greatest delight in travel, never misses visiting a picture gallery, or museum near which she finds herself, loves music and plays patience every day of her life, like a very wise woman. Olga Nethersole is devoted to dogs, rides a cycle, plays golf and studies botany for her pleasure. Cissie Loftus, when she is not cycling or swimming, collects autographs and photographs. Miss Emily Soldene is extremely happy when she starts on a good long ocean voyage, and she takes a good stock of plain needlework to enhance the pleasure on the way. Miss Millard cares only for the cycle, which transports her to the golf links. Decima Moore loves riding and driving, kangaroo hunting when she is in Australia; she collects curios, is very fond of watching polo matches and of attending race meetings. Walking and driving suffice Miss Mary Moore, but I have heard of her on a cycle. Miss Anna Murray takes long country walks, reads much and loves to study human nature.—[London Telegraph.

HALF-CENT COINS WANTED.

The Philadelphia merchants want a new coin of the denomination of a half cent to meet the exigencies of bargain days. Signatures to a document setting forth the need of such a coin have been secured from prominent retail merchants of Philadelphia, and other cities have also become interested. The bargain seeker who delights in seeing things marked down may eventually experience the delight of paying 7½ cents for an article reduced from 8 cents. The merchants claim that in these days of keen competition, when large sales and small profits are the rule, some such plan is necessary. Several individual firms in Chicago have issued their own half cent pieces, which, of course, are redeemable only in their own establishments. The government has nothing to do with this money.—[New Bedford Mercury.

The ZAZA CORSETS.

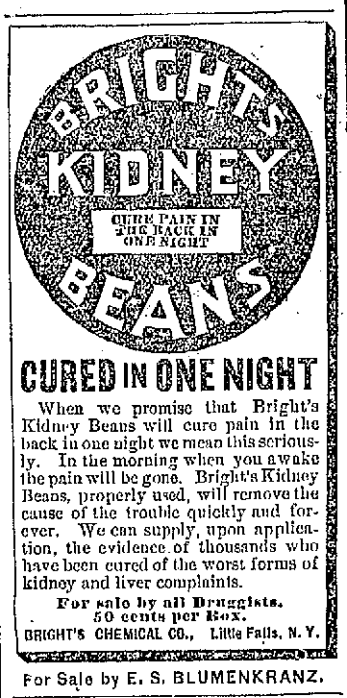
Full lines in all colors and sizes now in stock.

The most popular corsets ever put on the market.

50c. per pair.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

204 THAMES STREET.



CURED IN ONE NIGHT

When we promise that Bright's Kidney Beans will cure pain in the back in one night we mean this seriously. In the morning when you awake the pain will be gone. Bright's Kidney Beans, properly used, will remove the cause of the trouble quickly and forever. We can supply, upon application, the evidence of thousands who have been cured of the worst forms of kidney and liver complaints.

For sale by all Druggists. 50 cents per Box.

BRIGHT'S CHEMICAL CO., Little Falls, N. Y.

For Sale by E. S. BLUMENKRANZ.

SAVE YOUR HAIR WITH SHAMPOOS OF

and light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. Price, SOAP, 25c.; OINTMENT, 50c. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. Send for "How to have Beautiful Hair," free.

Dent's Kid Gloves

Cost $17.35 per dozen in New York. We sell them for $1.37 per pair.

All our Furnishing Goods must be sold and our prices are right to sell them.

W. C. LANGLEY & SON

174 THAMES STREET.

Printing Prices.

No Two Jobs of Printing Are Exactly Alike.

THEREFORE IT IS NECESSARY TO ESTIMATE THE COST IF THE CUSTOMER WISHES A PRICE BEFORE THE JOB IS COMPLETED. THIS IS DONE BY ESTIMATING THE TIME IT WILL TAKE TO SET THE TYPE AND TO PUT IT BACK AGAIN INTO THE CASE, PROOF READING, THE QUANTITY OF CARD BOARD OR PAPER NECESSARY, AND THE COST; THEN AN ESTIMATE IS MADE OF THE LENGTH OF TIME REQUIRED TO RUN THE JOB OFF ON THE PRESS, AND WE HAVE ALL OF THE ELEMENTS OF COST, AND A PRICE IS GIVEN. OF COURSE, IT IS MUCH EASIER TO MAKE A CLOSE PRICE AFTER THE JOB IS DONE, AS ALL THE ELEMENTS OF COST ARE THEN ACCURATELY KNOWN. WE WILL GIVE YOU A PRICE EITHER BEFORE OR AFTER THE WORK IS DONE.

DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

SECOND-HAND

2-Horse Lumber Wagon

FOR SALE.

J. H. Sackeller, Langley's Wharf.

Won't Cure Everything

But Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy Will Cure You if You Suffer From Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder or Blood.

Thirty Years of Cures to Its Credit--Trial Bottle Free.

Kidney diseases should be attended to at once, for almost 90 per cent of our unexpected deaths of today are from that cause. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the only sure cure known for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Chronic Constipation. It is marvelous how it stops that pain in the back, relieves the necessity of urinating so often at night, drives away that scalding pain in passing water, corrects the bad effects of whiskey and beer and shows its beneficial effects on the system in an incredibly short time. It is sold by all drug stores at $1 a bottle.

You can tell just as well as a physician whether your Kidneys are diseased or healthy. Fill a tumbler with urine and let it stand 24 hours; if it has a sediment, if it is milky or cloudy, discolored or pale; if it is ropy or stringy, your Kidneys and Bladder are in a dangerous condition and you do not need a physician to tell you so.

If you would like to test Favorite Remedy free of all charge, send your full name and postoffice address to the Dr. David Kennedy Corporation, Rondout, N. Y., and a free trial bottle, together with a pamphlet of valuable medical advice, will be sent you postpaid, providing you mention this paper when you write. The publishers of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

GROCERIES.

PERUNA,

The Great Tonic, 80c. a bottle.

Scott's Emulsion, 75c. a bottle.
Phillips's Emulsion, 75c. a bottle.
Angier's Petroleum Emulsion, 83c. a bottle.
Wampole's Perfected Tasteless Cod Liver Oil, 75c. a bottle.
Multine, any of the different preparations 87c. a bottle.
Lactopeptine, 80c. a bottle.
Husband's Magnesia, 30c. a bottle.
Bovinine, small, 45c.; large, 72c. a bottle.
Liquid Peptonoids, 87c. a bottle.
Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, 75c. a bottle.
Hunt's Remedy, 83c. a bottle.
Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Favorite Prescription, 75c. a bottle.
Phelps's Rheumatic Elixir, 75c. a bottle.
Pinkham's Compound, 75c. a bottle.
Syrup of Figs, 40c. a bottle.
Castoria (the genuine), 25c. a bottle.
Pucker's Charm, 20c. and 40c. a bottle.
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, 45c. a bottle.
Quinine Pills (bottles containing 100 2-grain), 39c.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Telephone 330-5.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee, GROUND OR IN THE BEAN. $1.00
2-lb can Coffee, ...40
1-lb. can Coffee, ...25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

☞All checks given at this store cashed at the Bijou, 89 Thames street.

WE SELL

Bennett, Simpson & Co's

PURE SPICES.

They are not only pure but they are ground from thoroughly cleaned, best quality, whole spices. There is nothing better. They are the best put up.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Directly opposite the New City Hall.

Dress Suit Case,

All leather, $3.50.

Also a lot of Heavy Blacksmith's Aprons.

Geo. Gratrix, 98 Broadway.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Spring Styles

—IN—

Boots and Shoes

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,

214 THAMES STREET

SHOES

—FOR—

Little Men.

Patent Leather Dress Shoes, $1.65
Wax Calf Goodyear Welt, sewed, $1.50
Box Calf, Good wear Shoes, $1.25
Satin Calf, School Shoes, $1

All made on the same general styles of lasts as MEN'S SHOES.

Norman,

160 THAMES STREET.

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,

186 THAMES STREET,

Is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines. Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

Lenten Goods.

New Cromarty Bloater Herring.
Fancy Md. No. 1 Shore Mackerel.
Fancy Norway No. 1 Mackerel.
Extra Fancy Norway Bloater Mackerel
In 10-lb. kits for family use.

Fresh R. I. Eggs.

Always at lowest market price consistent with very best quality.

C. Sherman & Co.,

243 & 245 THAMES STREET.

Arrived Today,

A Car of Choice

POTATOES,

—AT—

75c. per bushel.

—AT—

James A. Eddy's,

Cash Grocery and Market,

250 THAMES STREET.

Three Months

—FOR—

Twenty Five Cents

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL IS COMPILED EACH WEEK FROM THE COLUMNS OF THE DAILY NEWS WITH SPECIAL REGARD TO THE NEEDS OF PEOPLE IN OTHER CITIES WHO ARE INTERESTED IN NEWPORT AFFAIRS, BUT WHO DO NOT REGULARLY SEE THE DAILY PAPER.

A TRIAL SUBSCRIPTION TO THE JOURNAL MAY BE HAD FOR

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INCLUDING POSTAGE TO ANY POSTOFFICE IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE SENDING OF THE PAPER WILL CEASE AT THE END OF THE TIME STATED, UNLESS ORDER IS GIVEN TO THE CONTRARY.

T. T. PITMAN, Publisher.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the **daily and weekly** papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1900.

THE APPLETONS ALSO IN TROUBLE.

The financial embarrassment of the well known publishing house of D. Appleton & Co. was a surprise to the business and literary worlds. Like the firm of Harper Brothers, that of the Appletons had held a high place for business integrity in the financial world, but like the former it found itself unable to secure financial loans which would enable it to carry on a business which would in time be eminently successful. It is the general belief of all connected with the old firm, as well as of financiers in Wall street, that the failure of the house is a direct and immediate consequence of the recent collapse of the Harpers.

The Appletons had been in the habit for years of borrowing sums varying from $100,000 to $200,000 at a time from financiers in Wall street in order to tide over short periods in which their own capital was locked up in the publication of books, which required a great outlay but brought in no returns until they were put on the market. It was necessary to do this borrowing, but the credit of the old house was absolutely good, and there had never been any difficulty in its borrowing any amount in the street in order to meet pressing obligations. Matters became different, however, the moment that the failure of the Harpers was made public. The financiers were no longer as ready to advance money to the publishing firm. They said that they would have to obtain better guarantees for their loans. The banks also wanted better security than the credit of a house that had never failed in a single obligation. All pointed to the Harpers, and said if such a failure is possible there must be more certain security.

The Appletons found themselves with a business that required an immediate outlay of money and offered a large profit in time, but when it became impossible to secure money to meet obligations there was nothing to do but to suspend, and a receiver was appointed that the business might be continued and in time bring its own profits. It was an honorable failure, and the firm's statement to its creditors shows this. It says: "The present situation is owing, not to undue business risks nor to trade losses, but mainly to the fact that through the extension of our business on the instalment contract basis (which contracts amount to fully $900,000 now outstanding and in due course collectible), our capital has become inadequate to meet our maturities and we are unable to meet our obligations. You will find, however, a very valuable and money making property (if adequate capital be provided), a business and good will of great value, and all unmortgaged and unpledged. * * * Above all personal considerations is our anxiety to discharge our indebtedness. To this duty we shall devote ourselves unremittingly, and we feel confident that with your encouragement we will be able to fulfil not only our duty to you, but our ambition as well."

It is expected that the financial embarrassment will be only temporary, and that, the present difficulty being tided over, the firm will be able to pay all its obligations and continue its business, and its many friends throughout the country sincerely hope that this may be the final outcome.

The publishing house of D. Appleton & Co. has had an existence of three quarters of a century. It was founded in New York by Daniel Appleton, who moved to New York from Haverhill in 1825, and started business in Exchange place, where he combined the two dissimilar businesses of dry goods and books. In 1831 he moved to Clinton Hall, in Beekman street. It was at this latter place that the wider career of the house began, and where it broadened out into a great publishing firm. In 1838 William H. Appleton was associated with his father, and the house moved its headquarters to No. 200 Broadway. Ten years later Daniel Appleton retired, leaving William Appleton as the head of the company. The present corporation was organized February 27, 1897, with a capital of $2,000,000.

DECIDEDLY DISAGREEABLE.

The fact remains that any one may wake to find his name broad spread as testifying to the merits of some article of manufacture or food medicine or form of cure. Unless the offence can be prevented by the imposition of a fine too heavy to make such tampering with one's name safe, there seems to be no way of checking this form of modern enterprise. The attack for reparation after the offence has been committed is so distinctly in the advertiser's favor as further exploiting his goods or quackeries, that it is the most welcome thing the dishonest man can have happen.

If Blank's Blue-Bottled Brand of Beautifier can be discussed in court in connection with a dozen bishops of the church and a few leading society women and philanthropists, the mixture gets a name and the mixer a fame that makes his everlasting fortune. The connection is of no account, after the title of the article has become familiar. The need of a beautifier once felt, and it will be the notorious article that will be bought. The advertiser knows this and in sending out his circulars challenges some one whose name he is using to bring him to task and any kind of recognition as long as it is public recognition.

According to a statement made by Mrs. R. D. Lowe, president of the General Federation of Woman's Clubs, she has been a victim of the fraudulent advertiser, an enterprising "healer," who has mailed to hundreds of club women all over the country a pamphlet containing a strong testimonial as to the value of his services as applied to Mrs. Lowe. This has her name at the end. The women who are receipt of it are now getting from the man the following statement, to which is appended his name and address, and the name of his institute of healing: "I desire to state that the use of Mrs. R. D. Lowe's name in connection with my magazine was based upon her sending me, at my request, a published list of clubs. Mrs. Lowe was not aware of the fact that her name was to be used, nor was it her intention to indorse the magazine. I make this correction at her request."

As this shows that Mrs. Lowe furnished the names for the distribution of the testimonial, and there is evidence that leads to the thought that she was not unacquainted with the man's business when she did this, her act may be taken as one of good-natured thoughtlessness, and without realizing what offensive stuff would thereby get into households. But she is exonerated from the suspicion of using her office to increase the gains of those who live by taking advantage of the weaknesses and superstitions of mankind.

The man who has attempted this fraud is not a loser by the effort, and the wide circulation of his pamphlet may bring him in substantial returns, in spite of the slight amend he has been forced to make. It would seem as if there should be some penalty instituted for this sort of performance, something making it unprofitable to a degree that would be a sure protection from it.

SLOT MACHINES NOT INVINCIBLE.

It is not impossible, after all, to oust the slot machines. In Darien, Conn., a day or two ago officials of the State Law and Order League descended upon the place in force and confiscated all the nickel and penny machines, alike in the hotels and in the saloons. The trade in Norwalk had a tip that a raid was to be made, and before action could be taken every slot machine in the cities of Norwalk and South Norwalk had disappeared. It probably makes little difference to the Law and Order people whether these gambling implements are ousted as a result of actual raids or taken out for fear of anticipated action of this sort, so long as they are out.

There is no good reason why a similar result could not be secured in Newport.

The unprecedented call for passports is another indication of the rush for Europe that will occur this summer. The gradual release of the big steamships taken by the British government for the South African work is easing the congested state of the ocean part of the travel, but that the Continental roads will rise to the demand for the accommodation of the exposition crowds is too much to expect. Last year there was double the usual number of Americans abroad, and the effect was unpleasantly felt on the popular routes. The return to the lines of the two large vessels, the Majestic and the City of Rome, and the probable return of other ships, is assuring news for those intending to sail this summer, but unable to make sure of passages months ago, and offered inferior accommodations, if any, the last month.

There is trouble in Denmark over the sale of the Danish West Indies, and yesterday the cabinet resigned, putting an end to the negotiations for the purchase of these islands by the United States. The ministers retired because of the popular uprising against the sale to this country, the king and the cabinet having consented to accept $4,000,000 for their possession. It is now said that within a short time the German flag will be flying over the islands of St. Thomas and St. John of the Danish West Indian group, by right of lease from the Danish government to the emperor of Germany.

Senator John M. Thurston may not be chairman of the Republican national convention. He has not yet been elected a delegate, and there is a determined opposition among certain Republicans of his state to his selection. Nebraska is essentially an anti-trust state, and Mr. Thurston's appearance as attorney for the Standard Oil Company has started a very considerable opposition to him.

The work on New York's rapid transit tunnel was begun this afternoon with ceremonies attending the turning of the first shovelful of earth with a silver spade in the hands of Mayor Van Wyck. A commemorative tablet will tell future generations when and by whom the work was done.

Plans for 10,965 new buildings valued at $156,780,321 were filed in New York city last year. The buildings include 1,466 dwelling houses, 2,149 flat houses, 962 tenement houses, 35 hotels and boarding houses, 42 schoolhouses and 22 churches.

The question whether George Fred Williams shall be Vice President when Bryan is President, or a member of his cabinet, need scarcely be settled now.

That Brooklyn family which celebrated this week the completion of a half-century of consecutive service by one of its housemaids has evidently settled the servant-girl question.

An entry in a diary kept by the father of Mr. George B. Field and now in the possession of Mr. Field, for June, 1843, refers to the prevailing influenza as "Tyler grip."

One can have no better wish for Guam than that Commander Schroeder may prove as capable and faithful a governor of that island province as has Captain Leary.

According to the New York Times, all the pool rooms and gambling houses in New York are booked to open again for business as soon as the legislature has adjourned, early next month. Of course.

Secretary Long's recent speech in Boston indicates that he is a cheerful optimist.

The best antidote for anti-imperialists is apparently to send them to the Philippines.

Maude Adams is worth several times her weight in gold.

THE MAGAZINES

The April Atlantic opens with "An Acadian Easter," a series of lyrics by Francis Sherman, commemorative of the fate of Castle La Tour and its fair commander Easter Sunday 250 years ago. George F. Parker, United States consul at Birmingham, England, gives an inside view by an experienced observer of the character and weakness of our consular system. "The Perplexities of a College President," by one of the guild, is an exposition of the difficulties under which the heads of most of our collegiate institutions labor. John Muir describes "The Forests of the Yosemite Park," which embrace every variety of coniferous trees, and surpass in richness and variety, and in size and beauty, all other specimens of their kind in the world. W. J. Stillman in his Autobiography describes his art studies and his experiences at Paris (while waiting for a Hungarian call to arms which never came), followed by his artistic and camping life in the Adirondacks after his return to America. Henry Loomis Nelson continues his political summary with an article on "The Coming Campaign," in which he discusses the issues, domestic and foreign, now before the country or likely to arise. Almost unknown to foreigners, there exists in Spain a modern literature which ranks with the best produced by other nations. One of the chief contributors to this literary condition is Armando Palacio Valdés, who is appreciatively reviewed by Sylvester Baxter as "A Great Modern Spaniard." Mrs. Lucy Crump, in her sketch of "The Childhood of Louis XIII," extracts from the long-forgotten diary of his tutor a summary of the curious environment and training of the boy-king, who was afterwards to rule France so many years. As "A Comic Chesterfield," John Buchan sketches the eccentric Earl of Buchan. W. S. Harwood, in "Co-operation in the West," treats of the creameries of the Western States. Henry James furnishes "Maud-Evelyn," a short story, while stories, sketches, and poems, together with a Ruskin symposium in the Contributors' Club, complete the number.

Everybody's Magazine for April presents an attractive appearance, and its contents are of value and interest. The second article in the series, "Great American Industries," treats of the steel works of the Carnegie Company near Pittsburg, Penn., and explains in what manner this company will make this year's profits exceed $40,000,000. The fourth in the series of "Simple Explanations" takes up a fascinating subject, and one which has undoubtedly been a mystery to nine tenths of the magazine readers; that is, the method of navigating a ship by observation of the sun and stars. For a difficult mathematical subject this method is explained in such a lucid fashion that it appears to be quite simple after all. A strong article is that on "Our Coast Defenses," which describes the manufacture and use of the huge disappearing guns, the mortar batteries and coast defenses in general which are now being pushed to completion on both Atlantic and Pacific seaboards. The article attacks the subject evidently from the inside, and many facts are given which have not heretofore been published. The illustrations for this are new and interesting. The short stories are good, the leading one being the "White Rose Mystery." There are six or eight other stories and four or five special articles.

RUINOUS COLLEGE METHODS.

Let us suppose a gentleman to be elected president of almost any college or university outside the possibly half dozen that come immediately to mind as already reasonably well organized, well equipped, modern, up-to-date; presumably a gentleman fully prepared for his work, experienced in educational affairs, energetic, reasonably and properly ambitious, business-like in his methods, and with enough of a masterful spirit to make him a natural leader of men, if given reasonably free right of way. * * *

Even as he delivers his inaugural address, he is surrounded by those who will at least wait with folded hands until he shall have been tried and proven, even if they do not actually and very potentially block his way. * * *

The new president finds also that nearly every detail of administration must be submitted to his faculty for its approval. If the manager of a railroad desires to increase the speed of his trains or to make other changes in the time schedule, or change a curve or establish new grades, or improve the rolling stock, or set new requirements for entering the service of the company or for continuing in the same, or improve the system of accounting, he very properly consults those who are most directly interested in the particular matter in hand; but he is not bound by the advice given, much less is he compelled to call a mass meeting of all employes and abide by a majority vote. Not only is his own individual determination final in all matters of general policy, but he may even step inside a special department, make suggestions as to the details of its work, and insist that these be faithfully carried out.

Not so in the educational world of today, by many, many miles of departure! If the average member of the average faculty is by any chance reading these lines, the chill in his veins and the horror in his heart at the bare suggestion of such assumption of authority or grant of power is easily imagined. It goes without contradiction that in our colleges and universities there is practically no educational supervision whatever. It is doubtful if the bravest college president in the country would quite dare to go into a department and make an issue on the methods of instruction obtaining therein; and it is still more doubtful if he would be sustained by his board, if he did this. The average board would probably suggest to him that he "would better get at it in some other way"—wisely neglecting to state in what other way!—[College president, in the Atlantic.

NOT RISING TO THE OCCASION.

We have been much interested in observing to what extent our American newspapers would rise to the opportunities and necessities of the war in South Africa. Considering the intense interest with which its progress has been followed by the American people, we can hardly say that our journalism has in any way distinguished itself. As we noted in our last number, only two American correspondents have been in the field; and, for the most part, even the great metropolitan dailies have contented themselves with meagre cablegrams, supplementing them by excerpts from the English newspapers when these finally arrived by the slow process of the mails. The New York Tribune, however, had one very satisfactory feature in the shape of a long despatch each day from its London correspondent, giving a full and most interesting account of what was going on and what was being said in London, which place was, after all, in one sense, the storm centre of the whole war.

The New York Sun, also, performed a real service to its readers in giving each day on its editorial page a clear, concise and intelligent summary of the military situation, with just enough comment to make the whole thing plain to the general reader. On the whole, however, we think that our leading journals are less satisfactory than they used to be, and that the reports they give of important events both abroad and in this country are poorer every year. As newsgatherers, they distinctly show a lack of the old time desire to get not only the news itself, but all the news. Possibly their sense of proportion has been vitiated by the sacrifices which they have made at the altar of sensationalism; for some of the editors no longer seem to know the difference between a great historical event and a brawl in a back alley. The way they garbled the Dreyfus case, for instance—but we commented upon that at the time.—[The Bookman.

PICTURE HANGING.

Today no one hangs pictures in pairs. The time when regularity of arrangement was considered the acme of elegance has vanished, and in its place has come a wild struggle after the unexpected by those whose one idea of artistic effect is to have nothing match anything else. The weird result their efforts produce is due to their failure to appreciate the fact that harmony, at least, must rule, even although uniformity has been discarded.

There must be a scheme to which the general tone of the pictures should conform. A dark carbon must not hang close to an etching drawn in delicate lines and bordered by a broad white mat. If water colors with their soft tints elbow oil paintings, with their bolder tones, the former will be faded, the latter coarsened.

Let it be grasped, in the first place, that certain things may go together, while others must be barred from the association. Etchings, photographs, drawings, some engravings, water colors, pastels, may be assembled on friendly terms. Even then, however, there must be judgment exercised in the way they are placed. Contrary to the natural inclination, dark, heavily shaded pictures should not always hang in the strongest light, but should in some cases seek a sheltered position, away from the glare of the windows. Near the light may hang the pictures in fainter tints, the subdued water colors, the line engravings, whose best points need illumination. This order may sometimes be reversed when the corner furthest from the window shows a decided need of brightening by light pictures, but always the gradation of tints should be borne in mind. Just as in a well-planned room the darkest color is found in the carpet, and melts from that through the shades of the curtains and furniture to the lightest nuance on the wall, so the lower pictures should be more sombre in hue than the upper, and should lead the eye unconsciously from the deepest tone to the highest light.—[Harper's Bazar.

In a Bad Plight

Young Man Tells an Interesting Story.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL. — William J. H. Snell, P. O. Box 20, this city, says: "I was subject to bilious spells, had headache, dizziness, loss of appetite, pimples on my face. I always had that tired feeling. A friend, seeing my bad plight, recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to me. He said all his family took it in the spring and were greatly benefited by it. I got a bottle, took it, and felt better. Then I got another and another and my condition steadily improved. I was relieved of headaches, the dizziness and tired feeling disappeared and the pimples on my face vanished.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Restored me to perfect health and put me in a condition to realize that life is worth living. I am now 23 years old."

Hood's Sarsaparilla is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Sold by all druggists.

For Rent Unfurnished Or For Sale.

The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to

R. C. DERBY,
138 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICE LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.
MARCH 5, 1900.

The BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport are now ready to receive applications from parties who intend to apply for license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors for the year beginning May 1, 1900. All applications, to insure action before the beginning of the license year, must be in the hands of the Commissioners by MARCH 26, 1900, and all licenses not paid for fifteen days after the date of their granting will be revoked.

Blanks may be obtained at the office of the Commissioners, Room 2, Mercury Building, or at Room 3, Aquidneck Bank Building.

No license will be granted to sell liquor in any place with windows or doors opening other than on a public traveled way until such windows and doors shall have been covered with wire screening or otherwise securely closed, excepting such places as are provided with tavern license from the Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, and the location of all places to be licensed should be distinctly numbered.

By order of the Board of License Commissioners.
EUGENE G. O'NEILL, Clerk.

INCUBATOR EGGS,
$3 per 100.
J. E. Kline, Indian Ave., Middletown.

Newport and Boston Restaurant,
Open 6 A. M. to 11 p. m. Breakfast, 25c.; dinner, 25c.; supper, 25c. Hot meals every night. Boarders, $1 per week. GEO. SEAFORTCH, Prop., 90 Thames street.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 24, 8 A. M.—For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut—Partly cloudy tonight; Sunday probably snow; fresh northerly winds.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 24, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight; Sunday generally fair; north to northeast winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Local rains continue in the southern states but elsewhere the weather remains fair, though there is considerable cloudiness this morning in the Missouri valley and northwestern states. The barometers are below normal in all southern districts and on the eastern slope of the Rockies. Though there is no defined centre to the disturbance, there are some indications of a storm developing over the south Atlantic states. The pressure is moderately high over the Middle states, Ohio valley and lake region, with centre of 30.4 inches north of Lake Superior. This high pressure is moving slowly eastward, causing cooler northerly winds over the northeastern portion of the country. The temperature has fallen in the lake region and New England, but is slightly higher in the Southwest and West.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 24.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature,	32	33	40
Barometer,	29.87	29.80	29.69
Wind,	W	NW	NW
Weather,	Clear	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24.

Sun rises	5 h 41 m
Sun sets	18 h 01 m
Moon rises	1 h 20 m
Length of day	12 h 20 m
Day's increase	3 h 10 m
High water	1 h 50 m; 13 h 42 m

SUNDAY, MARCH 25.

Sun rises	5 h 40 m
Sun sets	18 h 02 m
Moon rises	2 h 06 m
Length of day	12 h 22 m
Day's increase	3 h 15 m
High water	2 h 09 m; 14 h 51 m

MONDAY, MARCH 26.

Sun rises	5 h 38 m
Sun sets	18 h 03 m
Moon rises	2 h 46 m
Length of day	12 h 25 m
Day's increase	3 h 21 m
High water	3 h 16 m; 15 h 53 m

TUESDAY, MARCH 27.

Sun rises	5 h 36 m
Sun sets	18 h 04 m
Moon rises	3 h 22 m
Length of day	12 h 28 m
Day's increase	3 h 24 m
High water	4 h 19 m; 16 h 47 m

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28.

Sun rises	5 h 34 m
Sun sets	18 h 05 m
Moon rises	3h 55 m
Length of day	12 h 31 m
Day's increase	3 h 27 m
High water	5h 16 m; 17 h 38 m

Moon's Phases.

Last Quarter, March 24, 0 h 30 m, E.
New Moon, March 30, 15 h 30 m, W.
First Quarter, April 6, 15 h 55 m, E.
Full Moon, April 14, 20 h 02 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Hood's Sarsaparilla; 4th page.
J. A. Eddy—Potatoes; 3d page.
Wanted—Potatoes, etc.; 7th page.
Lappin—Spring Samples; 8th page.
St. Mary's Hall—Lecture; 5th page.
Edward Otto—Easter Suits; 6th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 7th page.
Kazanjian & Co. Furniture; 1st page.
Walsh Bros—Enameled Ware; 5th page.
First Baptist Church—Concert; 5th page.
Biesel—Standard Floor Dressing; 6th page.
Burlingame & Carey—Asparagus, etc.; 8th page.
C. C. & A. H. Popple—Columbia Chainless; 2d

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honeyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa, stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
TRAVERS BLOCK, Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms
Gas and Electric Lighting.

Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

For Sale.

Cottage house situate 11 Tews court. House has five rooms and hall; city water. $1,300.

We also have for sale, for the new owners, the "Peter Knowe" properties on Warner street and Hall avenue. Particulars of sale on application to

HENRY BULL, JR.,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
197 Thames Street.

HORSES FOR SALE.

C. F. GIFFORD
WILL BE AT
Benjamin Easton's Stable,
Friday, March 23,

With a lot of good horses, suitable for any purpose. Any one in need of a good horse call and see me. C. F. GIFFORD.

Jamestown Real Estate Agency.

Furnished Cottages for the season of 1900.

A. W. LUTHER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Ferry Wharf, Jamestown, R. I.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 20.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

COTTAGE with STABLE near Broadway

To rent, an excellent cottage with good stable, on a street close to Broadway. An exceptionally good opportunity to secure a most convenient residence at a very low rental. Rent $300 a year. Immediate occupation can be given. Apply at once.

Telephone No. 320.

BORN.

WADST—In this city, 22d inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Wadst.

LAKE—In this city, 21st inst., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Lake.

DIED.

GIBSON—In this city, 23d inst., Thomas Albert Gibson, in the 20th year of his age.
The funeral will take place from Touro Chapel, Sunday, March 25, at 1 o'clock P. M.

DAVIS—In this city, 23d inst., Charity Davis, aged 87 years.
The funeral will take place from the residence of John Ambush, 31 Edward street, Sunday, March 25, at 3 o'clock P. M.

LAWTON—In Central Falls, 23d inst., Isaac Lawton, aged 66 years and 7 months.
Funeral services will be held Tuesday, March 27, at the Old Cemetery, on the arrival of the 11 o'clock train from Providence. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.

COFFIN—In this city, suddenly, 23d inst., James E. M. Coffin, son of the late Thomas Aston and Harriet Butler Coffin.
Funeral services at the residence of his brother-in-law, J. McPherson Creighton, Ray street, Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

GREENE—In Portsmouth, 23d inst., suddenly, Cornelius S. Greene, aged 57 years, 10 months and eight days.
Funeral at his late residence in Portsmouth, near the Stone Bridge, Tuesday, March 27, at 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend.

BORDEN—In Fall River, 22d inst., Ellen Eastwood, wife of Stephen B. Borden, aged 62 years.

GENDRON—In Fall River, 21st inst., Dorothe Leflamme, wife of Edward Gendron, aged 68 years.

ROTHEMICH—In Providence, 23d inst., Jacob Rothemich, in his 74th year.

HILL—In Providence, 23d inst., Lyman A. Hill, in his 66th year.

COCKCROFT—In Pawtucket, 23d inst., Grace, widow of William Cockcroft, in her 84th year.

CASEY—In Pawtucket, 23d inst., Mrs. Susan Casey of New Bedford, in her 79th year.

SMITH—In Fall River, 22d inst., Adliza, widow of Silas P. Smith, aged 75 years.

MARSLAND—In Fall River, 22d inst., Charles Marsland, aged 73 years.

HOPWOOD—In Fall River, 22d inst., Edmund Hopwood, aged 65 years.

DAVIS—In Westport, 22d inst., Belsey A., wife of William A. Davis, aged 72 years.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 613 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

"Delays are dangerous." Those who have poor, weak, impure blood should take Hood's Sarsaparilla at once. It never disappoints.

Cottage for Sale.

I am authorized to sell the "Tisdall" cottage at the corner of Pope and Spring streets, comprising eight rooms and bath. An excellent chance to secure a cottage home.

SIMEON HAZARD,
SOLE AGENT. 91 BROADWAY.
TELEPHONE 359.

New Arrivals.

Car Excellent Wheat ($1.25 per hundred, $23 a ton).
Car "Chicken" Cracked Corn (the nicest that can be milled).
Car Choice Winter Mixed Feed (direct from St. Louis).
And a large invoice of all kinds of HAY SEED (fresh stock).

H. L. MARSH & CO.
Telephone 208.

INSTRUCTION.

Do You Wish a Good Business Position?

There are places for all who are capable. We will prepare you for a good position and help you get it too. Expense moderate. You can begin any time. Sessions day and evening. Get full particulars.

NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE,
4 Washington Square.
A. M. STEED, Prin.

MISS OPITZ,
Of Dresden and New York, offers her services as
Instructress in Piano and German.
Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR.
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

NOTICE.

CANVASS.

The Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, will be in session as a Board of Canvassers at their Chamber in the City Hall, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1900,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

For the purpose of canvassing, correcting and completing the Ward Lists of Voters in Newport, for the Ward Meetings to be holden on Wednesday, the fourth day of April, 1900.

Witness my hand,
WILLIAM G. STEVENS, City Clerk.

TO LET.

Cottage at 9 Kilburn Court.

APPLY TO
F. S. & S. P. BARKER, 105 Broadway.

CONGRESSMEN BARRED.

Not to be Allowed to Serve on Commissions While Holding Office.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Senate passed a bill authorizing the President to appoint a commission to study and make full report upon the commercial and industrial conditions of China and Japan, and appropriating $75,000 for the payment of the expenses of the commission.

Theb ill aroused some debate. Mr. Berry of Arkansas registered his protest against the measure, his opinion being that too many commissions were being created.

Mr. Cockrell of Missouri opposed the measure and stated the position of the Senate minority on legislation. "The Republican party is in absolute control, and we on this side of the chamber are powerless to prevent the enactment of any legislation coming from the Republican party and deemed necessary by it," he said. "I will not antagonize this bill, although I do not agree with it in principle. I want it understood now and understood distinctly that hereafter absolute responsibility must rest upon the Republican party for the passage of all resolutions and bills."

The bill was so amended that no member of either branch of Congress shall hereafter serve under any appointment made by the executive department of the government while holding office as such member. It was then passed.

BILL GOES TO THE PRESIDENT.

Porto Rico Relief Conference Report Passes the House.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Porto Rican affairs engaged attention in the House today, the conference report on the relief bill for the island being taken up, with an agreement for a final vote at 1 o'clock.

Mr. McRae of Arkansas, a member of the conference committee, spoke in opposition to the report and severely criticized the general course of recent legislation toward Porto Rico. He read the resolutions of the Iowa house of representatives condemning the Porto Rico tariff bill, and those of the New York board of trade on the same subject.

In every solemn crisis, he said, the American people may be relied upon to make their wishes known in unmistakable terms. Such a crisis is now at hand, and Porto Rico, having asked a fulfilment of promises and an opportunity to relieve her distressed people, is to be given this opportunity in the form of a relief bill. Will the American people submit to this outrage? he asked. If the leaders of the party in power believe the people do not understand this question, they will speedily realize their mistake.

The conference report was agreed to—yeas 135; nays 87; present and not voting, 20. This completes the bill, which now goes to the President.

ORGANIZED FOR THE YEAR.

Republican State Central Committee Elects Its Officers.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 24.—The new Republican state central committee met in this city this morning and organized for the ensuing year, electing Hunter C. White of Providence chairman and Eugene F. Warner of Coventry secretary and treasurer. The executive committee chosen consists of Hunter C. White of Providence, William S. Hopkins of Woonsocket, Walter H. Read of Glocester, Edwin A. Kenyon of Charlestown, William A. Barclay of Pawtucket, Fred A. Barber of Exeter, Richard G. Howland of Scituate and Joseph S. Sanders of Cranston.

The members of the First Congressional District committee elected Frank F. Olney of Providence chairman and Royal D. Horton of Barrington secretary, and the Second Congressional District members organized by electing Walter A. Read of Glocester chairman and Edwin A. Kenyon of Charlestown secretary.

THROWN INTO THE BASEMENT.

Three Firemen Killed and Two Injured by the Fall of a Floor.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Through the breaking down of the first floor in the factory building at 213 and 215 East Forty-fourth street, which was totally destroyed by fire early this morning, three firemen were killed and two injured. The men were precipitated into the basement in which were about six feet of water, and pinned under the debris. It is supposed they were drowned. The dead are: William J. Smith, engine company 21; Peter F. Bowen, engine company 21; Foreman John J. Grady, hook and ladder 2. The injured are: Fireman Kuchs, hook and ladder company 2, who was doing detail duty on engine 21; Captain William Clark, engine company 21.

The accident which caused the death of the men occurred two hours after the fire had been put out. The men, with about 15 others, were engaged in washing down the walls on the first floor, on which stood tons of machinery, tin, heavy timbers and pig lead. The great weight of the floor made it give way, and the men went down into the basement, in which were about six feet of water.

The building was of brick and five stories high. The first story was occupied by Thomas B. Herbert, iron works. Philip Cowen, a publisher, occupied the second and third floors. On the fourth story was Ignaz Vrasda, a manufacturer of fancy mantels. The top floor was used by Frederick G. Jausch, manufacturer of brass fixtures.

The fire started in the basement near the engine room. On each side of the factory are tenement houses. The blaze caused much excitement among the tenants, who were aroused from their sleep. The police reserves of the East Fifty-first Street station arrived promptly on the scene and drove the occupants of the tenements into the street. The fire ate its way rapidly throughout the entire building and soon the structure was ablaze from cellar to roof. Chief Croker directed the work of the firemen, and after it became apparent that the factory was doomed the firemen devoted their efforts to saving the adjoining property.

The factory was totally destroyed, and the police estimate the loss at $50,000.

A SPADEFUL OF EARTH.

Its Removal Marks the Beginning of Rapid Transit in New York.

NEW YORK, March 24.—With a silver spade and in the presence of thousands of persons, Mayor Van Wyck today lifted from an opening in City Hall square a few pounds of earth which formally began work on the underground rapid transit railway system. The ceremonies which marked the beginning of this great engineering feat were befitting an event of such importance. From cables swung across the square hundreds of flags fluttered and on all buildings facing the square and in the immediate vicinity hunting flew in profusion. A great multitude gathered in the circumscribed space and overflowed into the adjoining streets.

Addresses were made by Mayor Van Wyck and President Orr of the rapid transit commission. At the close of Mr. Orr's address Mr. Wise turned to the mayor and with a bow handed him the silver spade inscribed with the coat of arms of New York. The mayor stepped to the opening in the pavement and pressing the spade firmly into the earth raised it full. The earth was emptied into a receptacle and will be preserved as a souvenir of the occasion. Contractor McDonald and each of the commissioners also in turn took up a spadeful of earth.

A handsome memorial tablet bearing a suitable inscription was then fitted into the opening. An address by Controller Coler followed, and the mayor then held a reception in the municipal assembly rooms in the city hall.

The underground railway tunnel will be 21 miles in length and will involve the expenditure by the city of New York of more than $30,000,000.

INDIANS WITHDREW.

Mexicans Swept Their Position with Rapid-Fire Guns.

EL PASO, Texas, March 24.—Filimeo Saurez, a prominent ranchman of Sonora, is in El Paso. He brought news of an engagement between the Indians and Mexican troops that occurred last Monday. The Indians have strong fortifications in the Bucatate mountains and the Mexicans are encamped a few miles distant in the valley. A few days ago the Indians made a sortie. They drove in the Mexican outposts and threatened to attack in force, but after brisk firing that lasted for two hours the Indians withdrew. During the progress of the engagement the Mexicans swept the Yaqui position with their rapid fire guns. The loss on each side was insignificant.

Saurez is owner of the Nutras ranch, which is but 40 miles from the Yaqui stronghold. He says that the Mexicans have accomplished absolutely nothing, and are making no effort to advance and that they will await the re-inforcements recently asked for by General Torres. When the 40,000 fresh troops arrive it is probable that the decisive battle will take place in the mountains. The re-inforcements are expected within 60 days. At present the Indians are making raids into the valley almost every day. They drive off cattle and commit other depredations. The end of the war is a long way off, unless troops are sent to Sonora to crush the rebels and more aggressive tactics are employed by General Torres.

AMERICA FIGURED TO WIN.

England Led in the Chess Tournament at the Opening Today.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The cable chess match was resumed at 10 o'clock this morning, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music and at Cafe Monico, London, England was leading last night by the score of 1½ to ½, with eight games unfinished. Chess fiends figure that America will win the match by 5½ to 4½ games or better.

DARTMOUTH BRANCHING OUT.

Graduate Department of Pedagogy and Summer School for Teachers.

HANOVER, N. H., March 24.—Following the recent announcement of the establishment of the Tuck school, as a branch of Dartmouth College, comes information of the establishment of a graduate department of pedagogy and a summer school for teachers. The department of pedagogy will be organized at the beginning of the college year 1900-1901, the object being to give a year's training for men holding a bachelor's degree who wish to prepare for the work of instruction or management in secondary schools. Professor C. D. Adams of the department of Greek will be director of the school.

The summer school will open July 5, for a four weeks' session, and will be in charge of professors from Dartmouth College, the principal object being to furnish instruction to teachers in high and grammar schools by a review of subjects taught, under the instruction of college professors. Professor T. W. D. Worthen of the department of mathematics will be the director.

Calais Block Burned.

CALAIS, Me., March 24.—The brick block owned by Pierrington Lowell and Mrs. McAllistor was damaged by fire this morning, resulting in a total loss of about $8,000. The origin of the blaze is unknown. The loss on the building is $2,500; R. H. Clark, photographer, loss $1,500; F. L. Wood, dentist, loss $500, and Saunders & Co., crockery dealers, wall papers, etc., $3,500. The latter firm carries an ample insurance.

CARNEGIE HOLDS MORE THAN HALF

Principal Subscribers to the Newly Organized Company.

TRENTON, N. J., March 24.—The Carnegie Company, the formation of which has resulted from the conference of Andrew Carnegie and H. C. Frick to settle the business difficulty between them, was incorporated here today. The capital is $100,000,000 and the stock is all subscribed. The par value of each share of stock is $1,000.

The principal subscribers and the number of shares of each are as follows: Andrew Carnegie, New York, 86,370 shares; Henry Phipps, Pittsburg, 17,226; H. C. Frick, Pittsburg, 15,484; Charles H. Schwab, Braddock, Penn., 18,929; Francis J. F. Lovejoy, Pittsburg, 7,024; Lawrence C. Phipps, Pittsburg, 2,653; William H. Singer, Allegheny, 2,629; Thomas Morrison, Braddock, 884; D. M. Clemson, Pittsburg, 884; James Gayley, Pittsburg, 884; Andrew M. Moreland, Pittsburg, 810; John Walker, Allegheny, 703. The remaining stock is subscribed by 23 persons, each of whom holds less than 500 shares.

The state receives $32,000 for the filing of the incorporation, and the annual franchise tax will be $11,750.

QUIET AT FORT DE FRANCE.

Participants of Recent Disturbances Sentenced to Imprisonment.

FORT DE FRANCE, March 24, via Haytien Cable—The persons arrested during the last disturbance here, charged with unlawfully interfering with the right of labor at La Soudon, have been sentenced by the correctional tribunal of Fort de France to terms varying from one year to six months in prison. Those arrested at Trois Rivieres were all sentenced to six months' imprisonment. The situation is calm, and Colonial Inspectors Pleanon and de Martial are continuing the general inquiry into the cause of the disturbances.

BROKE A TWELVE-YEAR RECORD.

Deaths in Boston for the Past Week Number 366.

BOSTON, March 24.—The death rate of the city of Boston for the past week is a record breaker for at least 12 years past. The state board of health today issued its weekly report, which shows that the total number of deaths was 366, against 212 for the corresponding week last year, and 15 more than last week's report.

The deaths from the grip number 40 this week, against 21 last week. Pneumonia took off 100 victims, and consumption 46. There were 51 cases of diphtheria reported, nine of which proved fatal; scarletina, 35 cases and four deaths.

Bishop Burgess Asks for a Coadjutor.

QUINCY, Ill., March 24.—Rt. Rev. Alexander Burgess, the venerable bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, has for the third time asked for a coadjutor bishop and has sent a letter from St. Albans, Vt., where he has been for some time, addressed to the clergy and people of the diocese, asking them to make the appointment at the annual diocesan convention at Pretoria. The bishop pleads his age and physical infirmity.

Cole's Demurrer Overruled.

BOSTON, March 24.—Judge Lowell today overruled the demurrer of Charles H Cole, former president of the Globe National Bank, which was argued in the United States court yesterday.

NAVAL RESERVES VETERAN ORGANIZATION.

Last evening about 15 of the original members of the Naval Reserves gathered in the State House and effected a temporary veteran organization, with Max Levy as chairman and J. Henry Cremin as secretary. A permanent organization was generally discussed, and a committee was appointed to present plans at a future meeting and also to agitate the movement. It was suggested that it would be desirable to secure for president the organizer and former commander of the Reserves, Lieutenant Hugh C. Willoughby, and an effort will be made to obtain his consent for the use of his name at the next meeting.

The committee to report a plan of organization was as follows: Albert C. Campbell, Herbert Crosby, John F. Halpin, Joseph Case and Samuel N. Millington

There were in all 26 ex-members of the Reserves present, and from the talk it seems apparent that a permanent organization will result. There was some talk of getting together to attend the next inauguration at Washington.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

lored help from Virginia and seed potatoes generally arrive about the same time. Several of the farmers here have already had their laborers arrive, a few coming this morning. Seed potatoes have also reached here.

Mr. W. A. Champlin is repairing the plank sidewalk on Bay View drive.

Town Clerk William F. Caswell has posted sample ballots containing a list of candidates to be voted for at the town meeting to be held April 4.

The holes worn in the Narragansett avenue road bed by the storm have been filled and the catch basins cleaned. The gutters are in many cases filled so that the water will run in the road instead of where it belongs.

At St. Matthew's Sunday there will be the first in a series of three Lenten sermons, as follows: March 25, "The Wages of Sin;" April 1, "The Forgiveness of Sin;" April 8, Palm Sunday, "The Victory over Sin." The choir will meet at the rectory Wednesdays at 7:30 instead of Fridays. An endeavor will be made to increase its efficiency and to have as much professional direction as possible.

A. W. Luther has rented for A. R. Cory the west store in his new building to William Williams for a term of two years.

AT ONE'S OWN DOOR.

Rules for Registration of Valuable Letters by Carriers.

Postmaster Landers expects to have the letter carriers ready by April 1 for the new system which allows letters to be registered at the houses of citizens. He has found that he cannot confine the system to the residential districts, as each carrier covers some portion of the business section and the conditions are such that he must equip every carrier in the city with the necessary books and cards, so that they may be ready on the first of April for the registration of letters only. The Postoffice Department has issued cards regarding the new system, which read in part as follows:

In giving to residents of cities the advantage of having their letters registered at their own door, the provisions of the "eight hour law," as applied to carriers, make it necessary for the department to exact certain requirements, which, though easy of fulfillment, are, nevertheless, imperative.

Only letters can be registered; and they must be ready in every respect when the carrier calls, for he is forbidden, on pain of dismissal, to wait even a fraction of a minute longer than is necessary to write the receipt.

Every letter must be inclosed in an envelope strong enough to safely carry contents, and be in perfect condition. The envelope must bear name and address [illegible] his postoffice address; and have the postage and registry fee prepaid, either with stamps attached, or in money, the exact amount to be paid to the carrier. The writing on the envelope must be plain and legible.

If you have failed to comply with any of these requirements, the carrier is obliged to refuse your letter and hand you this card. If it be properly prepared, he will register the letter on his next trip.

Your receipt will be written by him and show the amount of money paid him for postage and fee, when stamps are not attached to your letter. If there be a surplus, it will be returned from the postoffice.

Carriers are forbidden to make oral explanations or engage in discussions with patrons, to register letters free, to advance money or stamps to pay postage, or to make change. This card shows plainly their duty in every case, and the rules laid down in it must be strictly complied with.

If it be found that your letter is unmailable for any cause when it reaches the postoffice, you will be notified.

In addition, there are a number of short notes which will be found of service to those who propose to use the system. They are as follows:

The registration of a latter insures its safe transmission in the mails and its proper delivery.

Do not send money or other valuable matter in the mail without registering it.

The fee for registering a letter or parcel is only eight cents, in addition to postage.

Every domestic registered letter is fully insured up to $10.

A registered article is traced by a perfect system of receipts.

A receipt from the addressee is obtained for domestic articles in every instance, and upon demand for foreign articles, and returned to the sender without cost.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Colonel John Hare Powel has gone to Aiken, S. C.

—Mrs. Sheldon of Clarke street is very ill with the grip.

—Mr. and Mrs. Potter Palmer sailed for Europe today.

—Steamer Sylvan Shore is hauled out on the marine railway.

—Mrs. W. P. Kelly is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harwood E. Read.

—Captain Connelly has sold his naphtha launch to a Providence man.

—Mrs. Henry R. Weaver, who has been ill for a long time, is able to be out.

—A number of the officers and some of the men at the Torpedo Station are suffering from grip.

—Mrs. Carrie Doty-Spooner will sing at the Broadway Methodist Episcopal Church in Providence tomorrow morning.

—Mr. R. C. Cotlam of Burlington, Vt., a guest at the Perry House, received news of his mother's death in England this afternoon

—Rev. Byron Gunner of this city will read a paper on "Calls" at the Rhode Island Congregational Ministers' meeting in Providence Monday.

—DeBlois & Eldridge have rented for E. R. Wharton his villa on Ledge road and the Cliffs, known as "Land's End," to Cornelius Vanderbilt of New York, for the coming season.

—D. F. Dow, W. S. Sykes, J. L. Burley and W. L. Clark of New York, L. B. Eveland of Chicago, C. H. Gormley of Boston and F. P. Boland of Providence are registered at the Perry House.

—A still alarm was rung in at 12:45 this afternoon and the emergency force proceeded to Stephen A. Burdick's house, 46 Gould street, where it found a very hot chimney fire and a chimney nearly full of soot. After cleaning it out the men returned to the house. There was no loss.

—Gunner Daniels, who has just reported at the Torpedo Station, was chief gunner's mate on the Cushing and stood first in his class at the recent examination for promotion. He is a Providence boy, a graduate of the Training Station, and a bright, smart, active man. Gunner Hill, who has also just been appointed, was chief gunner's mate on the Dupont and also stood well in the class.

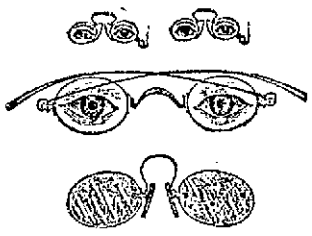
—A. O'D. Taylor has sold to William J. Blake, for John J. Tierney and Bridget Agnes Tierney, a lot of between 5,000 and 6,000 feet of land at the end of a court on the Petzka land on Harrison avenue, touching the Stacey estate on the south.

—The following have recently been recruited in Providence for light battery C, Seventh United States artillery, at Fort Adams: William Spooner of Barre, Mass.; John Ford of Fall River, Mass.; Harry Cook of Van Buren, Me.; John Ross of Suncook, N. H.; Charles D. Smith of New Bedford, Mass.; John D. Sliney of Providence; Leander A. Luther of Knightsville, James A Fox of Chicago, Ill.; Benjamin J. Coyle of Central Falls, and Charles D. Smith of New Bedford.

ANOTHER MORTON DAUGHTER GETS A HOUSE.

Former Governor Levi P. Morton gave away yesterday the fourth of a row of five handsome houses in West Ninety-fifth street, near Central Park West, New York, the recipient being Miss Alice Morton, whose birthday it was. The fifth awaits Miss Mary Morton when she becomes of age. These houses are worth from $20,000 to $25,000, and now four of the former governor's five daughters have received one in turn.

Mr. Morton some years ago decided that he could not do better than to celebrate the most important birthdays of the Misses Morton by presenting each in turn with a house and lot, the revenue from which would prove a pretty sum in pin money. Previous to yesterday the Misses Edith, Lena and Helen Morton thus became property owners in their own right. Now Miss Alice follows them, and a house and a daughter under age remain. A few years will complete the former governor's plan.



A HANDFUL OF GLASSES will not help your eyesight if you wear them all, unless your vision has been properly tested and the right lens fitted. That is just where the skill of an optician comes to your aid. If I test your eyes you will be sure of getting the right glasses, and will have pleasure and satisfaction in wearing them.

EXAMINATION FREE.

MUELLER, Scientific Optician, 106 Bellevue Avenue.

THE QUAKER BATH CABINET.

Turkish or Vapor Baths in your own house.

IT IS THE ONLY BATH WHICH PRESERVES HEALTH.

PREVENTS COLDS, FEVERS, LA GRIPPE AND DISEASE.

There is no man, woman or child in the world whom Turkish and vapor cabinet baths will not benefit.

A $12 BATH CABINET FOR ONLY $5.

LANDERS & SON,
167 Thames Street. Covell's Block
AGENTS FOR NEWPORT.

Fresh Table Eggs.

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142 THAMES STREET.
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Caswell, Massey & Co.,
NEW YORK AND NEWPORT.

Pure Distilled Water,
50c. for five gallon carboy.

This water is absolutely pure and is used in making all our mineral waters. Obtained first from a deep artesian well, it is converted into steam, condensed, and aerated.

All Foreign and Native Waters on Hand.
SIPHONS OF SODA, VICHY,
LITHIA, SELTZER, $1.50 a doz.

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT A SPECIALTY. NIGHT CLERK IN ATTENDANCE.

Heavy goods delivered at 12 M. and 6 P. M. Special messengers at all hours.

212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.
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Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Opera House.
One week, commencing
Monday, March 19.
—THE—
Wolford-Sheridan Company
Presenting Famous Plays.
REPERTOIRE:
TONIGHT:
"The Pulse of New York."
VAUDEVILLE FEATURES BETWEEN ACTS.
PRICES: Evening—10c., 20c and 30c. Matinee—10c. and 20c.

LECTURE
By Rev. William B. Meenan.
The Poets and Poetry of Ireland.
In ST. MARY'S HALL, Levin St.
Tomorrow Night, March 25,
AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Tickets 25c.

By Far the Best
CONCERT!
OF THE SEASON AT THE
First Baptist Church,
SPRING STREET.
THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 29.
L. R. WALKER, TENOR SOLOIST.
F. S. SPRAGUE, BARITONE SOLOIST.
MISS MAE TITUS, SOPRANO SOLOIST.
MISS C. EVELYN COOK, READER.
—AND—
TWO FIRST-CLASS QUARTETS.
SOLOS, DUETS, QUARTETS AND GRAND DOUBLE QUARTETS.
TICKETS 50c. at J. H. Binney, Jr., & Co.'s music store, H. W. Rankin's studio and of members of the church.

Natural History Society.
A regular meeting of the Society will be held at the Museum, Touro street, on Monday evening, March 26, at 8 o'clock. Dr. Edgar A. Mearns, U. S. A., will read a paper upon "THE MAMMALS OF RHODE ISLAND," and Mr. Amory Austin will read a paper upon "THE FISH IN SYMBOLISM, LEGEND AND POETRY." The public is invited to attend.
By order of the Council of Management.
AMORY AUSTIN, Secretary.

Mrs. EDWARD DUDLEY MARSH
ANNOUNCES
LECTURE RECITAL
Consisting of a Talk on Wagner's Opera "Parsifal," and Pianoforte Selections,
At Masonic Hall,
TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 3, 1900
AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Admission tickets at 50c., and reserved seats 25c. additional, may be obtained at John Rogers's Music Store, Thames street, and at the hall on the evening of the concert.

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Slaughtering Our Prices
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CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, TIN and ENAMEL WARE,
IN ORDER TO IMMEDIATELY MAKE ROOM FOR CONTEMPLATED ALTERATIONS.
COME EARLY
AND GET SOME CHOICE
BARGAINS.
Levy's
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WE PUT ON THE TWO-WIRE
Solid Rubber
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Cushion Tires,
Guaranteed for one year, the best rubber tire in the market today. Prices on application.
Fludder Bros., 15 Beach St.

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ELECTRIC LIGHT and BELL REPAIRS.
200 Thames Street.
Telephone 423-2.

Bargain Sales!
We shall continue our bargain sales the remainder of this week and will place on sale many articles which in value and price are real bargains.
J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
185 Thames Street.

4 Useful Articles in Enamel Ware at Reduced Prices.

COLONIAL WARE.	
4-quart Sauce Pan with cover,	$ .48
6-quart Sauce Pan, with cover,	$ .60
3-quart Inside Double Milk Boiler,	$ .67
Large Ham Boiler,	$1.00

The Colonial Enameled Ware is chemically pure, as has been proven by eminent chemists who have tested pieces of the ware from stock.

SOLD BY
Walsh Bros.
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FOR SATURDAY ONLY.
Legs of Mutton, 12 cents per lb.
Fresh Eggs, 20 cents per doz.
Also 2 lbs. Mutton Chops for 25 cents.
H. F. ROONEY'S,
251 THAMES STREET.

Brookfield Farm Eggs,
5 dozen for $1.
Brookfield Farm Cream, very thick and heavy, 30c. a jar.
Diamond Creamery Butter, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.
—AT—
BROWN'S MARKET.

WAR ALMOST OVER.

English People Not Fully Assured of Victory.

Speculation Regarding Reception of the Queen in Ireland.

[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.]

LONDON, March 24.—Great Britain has grown weary of her seriousness, and her military experts with their cold, calculating deductions and lengthy casualty lists no longer make the daily papers things of sadness and terror. The war, according to the average opinion, is practically over. To be sure, it may be months before Lord Roberts reaches Pretoria, but his going there is regarded as sure as the hands move round a clock, and it is claimed that he is not going to lose many men in getting there. A dozen defeats could scarcely spoil this supreme self-satisfaction and assurance of ultimate victory that reign among the average public. It is not altogether shared by the press and officials, but it is what the great majority of the English people feel. In society, the cry now is "Ho, for the Cape!" And the dressmakers are up to their eyes in work, making toilets suited for the climate of the great war base.

For those who cannot participate in the prevailing rush to Cape Town there is any amount of gossip regarding the probable reception of the queen in Ireland, and what kind of a greeting Mr. Cecil Rhodes will get in England after his scathing strictures of General Buller and Colonel Kekewich, to say nothing of the curious stories which come from South Africa about women who have been out there. However, the gaiety which reigns in London is none the less genuine because many of the gowns at dinner parties are sombre-hued, for the sake of some relative lost on the battlefield. The period of reverse seems to have vanished from the memory of Great Britain as quickly as any fleeting dream. The hand of the aged field marshal has taken the nation from nervous, apprehensive mourning into the opposite extreme, and it is time lost to attempt to stem for the moment the stream of jubilation. In these celebrations, the Americans resident in London are not behind hand, one of the most fashionable dinners being given at the Carlton Hotel March 23 by Mr. Reginald Ward of New York, whose party included the Belgian minister, Baron Whettnall; Ladies Howe, Hindlip and Dorchester, Lord and Lady de Grey, Miss Ward, Mrs. Moreton Frewen, Lord Glenesk and other distinguished English and Americans.

The opera season promises to be better than ever. There is an imposing list of patrons, and the subscriptions are larger than in former years. The box owners, as usual, are headed by the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the list includes Lady William Beresford, the Duchess of Marlborough, Mr. W. Waldorf Astor, J. Pierpont Morgan, and Mesdames Arthur Paget, Adair, Ronalds and Bradley-Martin.

While London society celebrates it also speculates, and not without misgivings, regarding the queen's visit to Ireland. The sovereign's great age makes the trip itself one of serious risk, while the possibility of hostile demonstrations or even personal attack creates a nervousness that will be stilled only when Her Majesty is safely back in England. The murders of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phoenix park have not been forgotten, and while the party led by Mr. John Redmond is not credited with any tendency towards physical force, it is universally felt in court and society circles that the queen is taking her life in her own hands in making the proposed visit. On this question an interview has been had with Ireland's premier peer, the Duke of Abercorn, who will be a visitor to Dublin Castle, during the royal visit and will receive Her Majesty, as first by right of blood in all Ireland. The duke said:

"I do not think there will be hostile demonstrations. There may be a few black flags and other silent signs of disapproval. Still, there is the rabble of Dublin, which cannot be answered for and which is entirely unrepresentative of Irish feeling. I sincerely trust that the voice of national chivalry, apart from any political considerations, will not be overshadowed by some rowdy demonstration. Still, I must admit there is no little risk, though if the preponderating Irish opinion from genuine sons of the soil, irrespective of religion and politics, can have its way Her Majesty will meet with the warmest reception that ever greeted the ruler of any country."

FIRED BLANK SHOTS.

New York Police Boat Patrol Drives Off New Jersey Oyster Pirates.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Police boat Patrol had its first battle yesterday, and after some exciting experiences drove a fleet of oyster pirates from Princess bay. The boat is armed with two 1-pounder rifles, and is commanded by Captain Elbert O. Smith.

The oyster planters had complained to Governor Roosevelt of the depredations of a colony of piratical shell fishermen hailing from Keyport, N. J. In their sloops they steal across the state line and rob the New York beds by stealing hundreds of thousands of young oysters. The governor had communicated with the police department and Chief Doverty acted promptly.

When the patrol reached the oyster grounds her crew sighted about 20 piratical sailors on the New York side. All steam was crowded on, but one sloop gave the alarm and all hauled in their dredges, set their jibs and scudded for the Jersey shore, three quarters of a mile away.

Captain Smith rounded Seguin point and tied up at Tottenville. In another hour the Patrol got under way again and doubled back to surprise the enemy from the rear. Running up to windward of the biggest sloop, the Frances Emma, Captain Smith ordered the craft to heave to. The skipper of the Frances Emma ran up his jib, alarmed the whole fleet, and footed it for Keyport, N. J., before a 15-knot breeze. As the Patrol got the pirate close aboard, her skipper tacked and doubled on her tracks. The Patrol could not turn within such a limited tactical diameter, and the Frances Emma seemed to laugh as she slipped away.

"Let her have the forward gun," ordered Captain Smith. The rifle was aimed in the direction of the Frances Emma, and her rear swept across the startled waters. The crew of the sloop dived into their cabins. The skipper dropped his rudder and fell flat in the cockpit. Through a megaphone the mate of the Frances Emma roared: "For God's sake, don't shoot, don't shoot, and we'll surrender."

As the Frances Emma crossed the line, again the Patrol's bow rifle woke the echoes. Seven more shots the Patrol sent after the fleeing sloops. They were only blank shots, but Captain Smith believes the Jerseyman will keep away from New York waters for a few days.

HIGHEST BRIDGE IN THE WORLD.

To Span a Mountain Gorge on the Buffalo Branch of the Pennsylvania.

BRADFORD, Penn., March 24.—The proposed Buffalo branch of the Pennsylvania railroad will run through Bradford. It will start at Wilcox, Penn., and follow a route across the ridges by way of Lafayette, McKean county. In that vicinity it will cross a deep and mountainous gorge with a steel viaduct nearly 500 feet high. The bridge will be over 3,000 feet in length and its construction will be one of the greatest engineering feats on record. It will be the highest bridge in the world.

CORONET COUNCIL'S CELEBRATION.

Like all entertainments by Coronet Council, No. 63, Royal Arcanum, that given last evening in celebration of the twenty-second anniversary was very successful and thoroughly enjoyed by a large number of members, their wives and friends. The entertainment committee, consisting of Messrs. George W. Tilley, James W. Langley, Charles R. Blackmar, Jr., John M. Taylor, John Mahan, William H. Young and W. Fred Watson, had arranged a novel program, which included sketches, recitations and songs by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lawrence, and vocal and instrumental numbers by Mr. P. H. Foley. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence were very clever in their varied work, their numbers including two comedy sketches, recitations, "His Sister's Beau," and Bird Selection;" a musical reading and a humorous Dutch selection and a comic love speech by Mr. Lawrence; Mr. Foley gave a banjo solo, a mandola solo and a humorous song, "I Want to go Tomorrow." After the formal program a collation was served and then there was dancing to the music of the Harry K. Howard orchestra.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. P. B. Burke has returned from a visit to Washington.

—Mr. T. J. O'Neill left Hot Springs, Va., today, for Newport.

—Miss Small of Baltimore is visiting Miss Heard on Cottage street.

—The Brownell building on Thames street is having a bow window added.

—Mr. John Parlington and Miss Parlington of Fall River are visiting here.

—Commander J. J. Hunker, U. S. N., has returned to the Naval Training Station.

—Mr. George H. Taylor, who has been confined at home by illness, is able to be out.

—Miss S. C. Weaver of Bull street is visiting Mrs. Charles Peirce in Brookline, Mass.

—Messrs. George A. Pritchard and John H. Stacy are confined at home by illness.

—Rev. and Mrs. J. H. MacDonald of Fall River, formerly of this city, are quite ill.

—Miss Bessie C. Anthony of New York is guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Langley.

—Mr. E. L. Doucette and Mr. George A. Wood reached New York from Bermuda today.

—Miss Lillie B. King is visiting her sister, Mrs. William G. Kerr, St. John's place, Brooklyn.

—The flag at the Newport Reading Room is at half-mast, in respect to the late J. E. M. Collin.

—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ehrhardt, Jr., have returned from New York. Mr. Ehrhardt has so far recovered that he is able to be about his business.

—Mr. L. Q. Jones of New York, Mr. and Mrs. E. Clark and Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Gargan of Boston, and Mr. and Mrs. Varnum of Tuxedo, are at the Muenchinger-King cottage today.

—The engagement is announced of Miss Lewishon, sister of Miss Lewishon who was married at the Touro Synagogue Thursday, to Mr. Philip S. Henry of London, and it is said that the wedding will take place here. Mr. Henry left for New York yesterday.

—An exhibition of the Standard voting machine, which has been successfully used in Buffalo, Rochester, Utica, Ithaca and other places in New York, and which it is hoped to introduce here, will be given at the State House in Providence Monday and Tuesday of next week.

—Among the pictures at the twenty-second exhibition of the Society of American Artists in New York is one by Mr. John LaFarge, which is pronounced one of the most beautiful that has come from his brush. It is entitled the "Divinity of Contemplation Sealed by the

A Card.

The undersigned hereby agrees to refund the money on a 25-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. He also guarantees a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

WU TING FANG ON TRADE.

Chinese Minister Urges Greater Energy in Eastern Commerce.

His excellency Wu Ting Fang, Chinese minister to Washington, says that the distinguishing factor in all American industry and commerce is energy, "go-aheadness," but he adds that that very factor has been missing in America's trade with China.

"I don't know why," his excellency said, "but for some reason or other the Americans have not shown interest in trade there. Not that American trade has not grown, for it has—40 per cent during the past year—and today the American exports into China are much larger than American imports from China, while for years it was the other way. But China is the largest potential market in the world, and it would be to the interests of American merchants to increase their trade with China much faster, as they can do."

Minister Wu Ting Fang does not pretend to be an expert in commercial economics, no more than he pretends to stand as a practical tea grower; but he has studied these questions at home with an unprejudiced mind, and, in common parlance, "he can tell us a thing or two" about commerce as he did about tea at the recent tea commissioners' dinner. His views do not show any change of opinion on account of his better acquaintance with American methods during his ministry, for in studying these subjects on his home ground his point of view was international, and in all he said he showed as much interest in the American cause as the Chinese. When asked what is needed to further American trade in the East he said:

"All that is necessary is more energy. We want your goods, but we won't go after them. The Americans should do two things: They should establish industrial expositions throughout the Chinese cities. This is most necessary. We cannot buy your products until we know of them, and this is the only way we can get to know what you have to offer us. Expositions, show houses of your exports, would promote American trade with China as nothing else could do. Besides, it is the best way to make your goods compete with European goods. I believe the first show house of the kind is just now being established in Hong Kong, and more should be built. I advocate this strongly.

"And then American firms should have agents in China. I don't mean foreigners for agents, for if they are Chinamen they are not so interested in American goods, and if they are Europeans they are more interested in European goods—all this is human. Your firms should have American agents. There are very few there now, and the sale of American goods is not what it should be."

"What American products are needed in China, and in what directions should Americans attempt to further their Eastern trade?" was asked.

"What do the Chinese want?" said his excellency. "They do not know. That is just the point. They want to develop. They want to grow, and, generally speaking, they want American goods; but just what they want the Americans must teach them. China is building railroads, and wants rails and engines. These they are getting from America. Just the other day I heard of a very large number of American locomotives being sent to China. But there are many other things that Americans have that the Chinese want. I cannot say specifically what American merchants should take to China, for the position is simply that the Chinese will want everything, in course of time, that they have not got. They want to live as Americans live, and they want all the things Americans have. They want machines of all kinds and furniture. Then this that I have on (pointing to his under robe,) what do you call it—shirting? Well, we can buy lots of this. Every Chinaman must have his shirt. Material like this has always been made by hand, which lasts a little longer but all Chinamen will buy American shirting for their clothes because it is very nice and cheap. So let these things be brought to the attention of the Chinese. Expositions must show them off, and agents must sell them. American goods compare well with other goods in quality and price, and they are bought when European companies do not get ahead of your companies. I don't know," he added, "but the Americans do not seem to realize what there is for them to do there."

As to China's welfare, Minister Wu was more reticent. Chinese exports to America, he said, are not increasing. But few articles are exported from China, and tea, the largest export, has actually decreased, the trade having been cut into by tea exports from Japan. He intimated that the Chinese merchants were not showing themselves to be quite so energetic as Japanese merchants, thereby largely accounting for their poor business, but, he said, that as regards tea, for example, it was largely our fault. American merchants call for certain quality of teas, on the one hand, that really means adulterated teas, and, at the same time, set the standard of tea too high. He said that if Americans really appreciated tea and took it in the right way, the merchants would know what kind of tea to ask for, and how to carry on their trade properly. But, he said, "what can be done when the Americans ask for tea that will taste good with sugar and cream in it, and lemon—oh, horrible, horrible."

The point as to whether or not China was harmed by an import trade that so greatly exceeded the export trade was mentioned, but this called forth from Minister Wu little more than a closing of the eyes and a pursing of the lips. "Now," he said, "if the Chinese merchants knew that I recommended a larger import than export they would cut my head off wouldn't they? They would want me to say that we need a larger export, is that not right? Hum, I don't know. What do your political economists and politicians say about it? They differ, the politicians are prejudiced by their interests, while the theorists say that wealth lies in consumption? Well, that is human. And I think that is right about consumption. China needs many things. But when a country keeps paying out, where does the money come from? China buys on borrowed money. Yes, China needs many of your things."

To give a fair portrayal of Minister Wu's views it must be said that the subject of tea interested him greatly, that he had much to say during frequent interruptions in the conversation about civil and national affairs here, and that he looked bored whenever Chinese merchantile topics were introduced. After asking several questions about the Porto Rican affairs the minister observed that the islanders deserved commercial reciprocity with the United States, but he did not seem to understand why the Senators are divided on the matter.

Suddenly he turned his attention to newspapers. "What you need," he said "is a national paper. It should be printed in Washington and be official in its news, without the opinions of all the different editors. All your papers are local, not giving good national news, but a lot of stuff that a person from another place does not care about; and you should have a paper that could be subscribed for by people all over. Such a paper would, I suppose, be partisan, and perhaps conservative, but for all that it would be good, for it would at least represent well the dominant party."

CLOTHING

EASTER SUITS.

Now is the time to look about for an Easter Suit. Will show you some of the newest and choicest woolens ever brought to this city.

Prices reasonable.

EDWARD OTTO,

244 Thames Street.

"Professional and Business Men" of standing know that it pays to be well dressed. There is a cut and style about our business and dress suits that only an artist can give. The fit and finish of our work is beyond rivalry. A selection of the "Nobby" goods in the market to choose from.

NEIL McLENNAN,
MEN'S OUTFITTERS,
268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building

Speaking of Dress,

Would not a Nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?

Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.

J. K. McLENNAN, 196 Thames St.

THOMAS KITCHEN.

Coupes and Victorias

To let with careful drivers.

36 Friendship Street.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e6:15 p. m. Return, 6:42, 8:42, 10:42 a. m.; 12:42, 3:48, 4:42, a6:00, 6:42 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e6:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 6:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e6:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 1:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 6:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, a6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 9:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 6:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 6:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00, 6:00, e6:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEST WARREN and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, 9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
e Wharf Station.

A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

Newport & Fall River Street Railway Co.

Leave Fall River for Newport—**6:45, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:45, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, *9:45, *10:45 p. m.

Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 p. m.

* To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sunday.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

R. S. GOFF, General Manager.

For Block Island.

Steamer G. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

COAL AND WOOD.

Telephone Message for Coal

Or a mail order will be filled as promptly by us, and with the same care as if you came to our offices. Of course we are always glad to see our patrons, but if it is inconvenient, send your order and we will fill it with the best Coal, well screened, and delivered promptly, in any quantity desired. New scales, absolutely correct weight.

The Gardiner B. Reynolds Co.

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

Don't neglect your coal bin because the winter seems over. These are chilly days and the season of sneezes and snuffles. Our COAL is of best quality, clean and dry. Try it.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,
311 Thames Street. Perry Mill Wharf.

Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

IS THE SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD FOR MAKING PURE BLOOD, STRONG NERVES AND A HEALTHY STOMACH. IT HAS BEEN IN USE LONG ENOUGH TO PROVE ITS MERITS. IT WILL IMPROVE THE APPETITE AND GIVE TONE TO THE ENTIRE SYSTEM—THERE IS NO EXCUSE FOR PALE, HALF-SICK, TIRED OUT MEN AND WOMEN. TAKE THIS GOOD TONIC AND SEE HOW LIKE A CHARM IT ACTS.

The Hub Pharmacy,

E.S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist,

176 Thames St., Cor. Mary.

TELEPHONE 242-4.

BOUND BY A RING

is the troth that is plighted when two hearts have found their affinity. We have engagement rings that will outshine the love light in your fiancee's eyes and make them sparkle with joy when they look upon the lustre of our solitaire diamonds, or the marvelous ruby, or exquisite sapphire, opal, and many others that we are showing in our stock of jewels.

OLER, Jeweler, 93 Long Street.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York, the South and West

Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each.

Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.

Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 20, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.

Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent.

J. H. JORDAN,
Agent, Newport, R. I.

O. H. TAYLOR,
General Passenger Agent, New York.

Providence, Fall River & Newport

STEAMBOAT CO.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 17,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days only 8:30 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days only 4 p. m.

Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

Special Saturday Excursion 75c. Good to return only at 4 p. m. same day or following Monday.

S. RUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.

On and after October 5, 1899,

Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail

Will run as follows:

Leave Jamestown—8:15, 8:45, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:50, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.

Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:00 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 5:30, 6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route."
IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	*10:00	*1:20	*4:10	*7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:18	6:50	9:50
Boston, arr.,	1:18	4:30	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	4:20	6:37	11:00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	c*12 02	*6 00	*10 03	*1 02
Boston,		10 03	7 03	3 00
Providence,		11 14	8 10	4 16
Newport, arr.,	6 35	7 00	4 00	6 40
	A M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:29 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.

c Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 5:00 P. M.; Baltimore 5:55 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 6:14 A. M.; Newport, 6.35 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WINTER BOARD.

A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage. Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.

GEO. NASON, 26 Mill Street.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

—FROM—

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

Wheat

$20 per ton.
$1.10 per cwt.

We have received a carefully selected stock of all new

Grass Seeds.

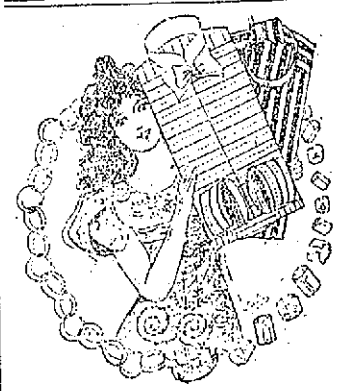
It will pay you to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.

D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf.



Empire Laundry.

Hand Work Only. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Orders left at the laundry, 150 Prospect Hill Street, or at 120 and 174 Thames Street, will receive prompt attention.

Winter Board for Horses.

Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 15 acre paddock perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further particulars apply at DATEMANS.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

Help Wanted—Quick!

When you want help, any kind of help, from a private secretary to a ditch digger, please remember that pretty nearly everybody in Newport who is "open for engagements" has an eye on the Daily News want columns.

A want ad will fill a reasonable want every time.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situations by two competent Swedish girls to go together as waitress and cook. References. Address Box 11, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Employment by useful man; understands vegetable gardening and general work on gentleman's place or farm. Address Box 12, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By a young girl, situation for second girl, or light housework. References. Box 32, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl to assist in general housework; must go home nights. Apply 11 Coddington street.

WANTED—Two women with references; one as cook and laundress, one as chambermaid and waitress. Apply between 4 and 6 o'clock at 58 Kay street.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—Potatoes, apples, butter, eggs, squashes, turnips and onions in large or small quantities. W. E. Barnes, Jr., Brighton, Mass.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping; or tenement of five unfurnished rooms with hot and cold water and closet. Apply at 253 Spring street.

TO LET—Pleasant tenement of five or six rooms, all modern improvements, steam heater, five closets, range and piazza. Centrally located. Terms reasonable. Box L, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Lower tenement of 8 rooms. Apply at 297 Spring street.

TO LET—Stable on State street, with six stalls, room for six carriages, in good order. Price $200. Apply to DeBlois & Eldridge.

TO LET—Upper part of house at 11 Central court; eight rooms; conveniences. Apply on premises.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

JUST RECEIVED, A FULL LINE OF

Spring Goods and Outing Hats.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames St.

Interesting Offerings in New

SPRING FLOWERS.

Roses and Violets, 25c. a bunch.

M. E. TOBIN,

46 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Great Reduction in Prices

—OF—

MILLINERY GOODS

AT THE

Broadway Millinery Store,

G. H. KIRBY, - 86 Broadway

NOW IS THE TIME

To Buy Novelties and French Patterns at Half Price.

N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,

Formerly of Park Square, Boston.

Has opened parlors at 5 Mt. Vernon St.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

FOR NEW

Carpets, Mattings, Art Squares, Rugs, } Furniture and Furniture Coverings,

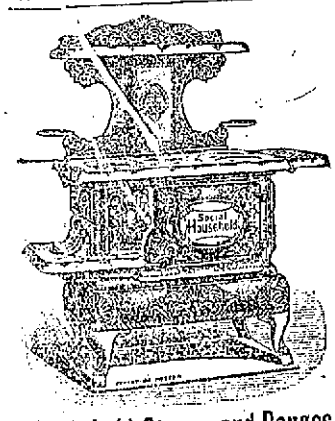
GO TO

J. W. Horton & Co.,

42 CHURCH STREET.

NEWPORT, R. I.

J. W. HORTON. F. A. WARD.



Household Stoves and Ranges

Are the handsomest, best-working, and most durable. Ranges from $12 to $45. A large and excellent line of heaters, from $2.50 to $25. Also a very good assortment of second-hand stoves from $2 to $12. Dinner sets from $7.50 to $12, and a full line of housefurnishing goods generally.

JAMES F. MARDEN,

3 Cottrell Block, 328 Thames Street.

Piano for Sale.

A square grand Miller piano. Can be seen by trying at 51 Dearborn street.

UNCLE SAM NOT BUYING

West India Islands a Drug on the Market.

Congress in Trouble Over Rival Telephone Companies.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—This does not seem to be a propitious time to sell Uncle Sam more tropical territory. We have heard from time to time about the visits of certain agents of the Danish government who desire to sell to this country the Danish West Indies. Not very long ago a gentleman came from Boston and told a number of influential members of congress that it was a pity the government did not open negotiations for Santo Domingo, which he described as the very flower of the West Indies, standing at the gate of the proposed Nicaragua canal and having a climate and productions unequaled, with magnificent harbors, where great defenses could be built and the United States be enabled to control the gulf of Mexico. By the payment of a certain indebtedness and "fixing" certain powerful people the acquisition could be made. I think the Danes want about $5,000,000 for their islands. It would cost more than this to take in Santo Domingo. Both might be called rare bargains. Probably they are, but it seems quite evident that the United States is not in the market for any more tropical islands. Of course there does not seem to be the slightest intention of letting go of any we have, but it is evident that we do not want any more until it is demonstrated that we can make a success in governing those we have.

Struggling With the Telephone.

Congress has a telephone trouble on its hands. The house has got rid of the matter for the time by passing a bill authorizing a rival company. The senate is deliberating. Congress two years ago attempted to fix the telephone charges in the District of Columbia and place a limit of $50 per year on the present company. The company refused to obey the law, took the matter into the courts, got a decision, and that ended the matter. Then came along a rival concern. It offers telephones at $48 for business houses and $30 in residences. The house has authorized this company to begin business. But the senate committee hopes that a compromise can be reached by which the old company can do business at a reduced rate and the rivalry of the two companies over a public convenience be avoided.

Pettus and Weston.

Two men less alike than solemn, solid and oracular Senator Pettus of Alabama and jovial, clever, witty and airy Jack Weston, colonel and chief commissary of subsistence, could not be imagined. These two came together the other day. Weston wants to get some additional officers for his corps, and as Senator Pettus is a member of the military committee he called upon him to explain the measure. Senator Pettus is against the army staff as a whole and began at once to talk against it. He made some reference to the "good thing" which a commissary had. "Bless your life, Mr. Senator," said Weston, "I am living in a Washington boarding house, and if there was anything like a snap to my place I would not be doing that, you bet." Senator Pettus made some other allusions which Weston parried in the same manner, and before the interview closed they were the best of friends.

"We Are Seven."

Nothing could really be more serious than the situation of the Republican party in the senate over the Porto Rican bill. Yet after the first day or two the humorous aspect of the case showed itself and grave senators could joke about the situation. When the caucus authorized a committee to bring about an adjustment of differences, it was at once designated as a "steering committee." Some facetious newspaper man called them the "pallbearers," giving his guess that the bill was dead. Then for a time by general consent it was called the "harmony committee," because it was trying to harmonize differences in the party. It remained for Senator Platt of New York to give it a designation that lasted for some time. He called it the "committee on sores." I am inclined to think that it was Senator Spooner of Wisconsin who, when asked about something concerning the committee, said, with Tennysonian sadness, "We are seven."

Congressional Notes.

Senator Spooner is one of the most attentive men in the senate, especially when constitutional and governmental questions are being discussed. He likes nothing better than a brisk debate upon anything involving these questions and listens closely to the more elaborate presentations by men of legal learning in the senate.

"I was never in a place where I could not find some way out," remarked Senator Elkins, while discussing the Porto Rican bill. "It does not seem to make much difference which way we turn. There is opposition to every proposition that comes up. Nothing seems to fit just right."

When congress becomes saturated with an idea, it becomes the sole topic of conversation. For several weeks now there has apparently been little else in view than the Porto Rican bill. A few weeks before that it was the Philippines. The islands acquired from Spain have successfully "held the boards" during the session.

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

AMERICANS AND THE TROPICS.

Bishop Potter of New York has just returned from a visit to the Philippine islands, and reports, among other things, that the American soldiers there "are in splendid physical condition and are exceedingly intelligent." General Wheeler stopped at Guam on his way back and found the Americans in fine shape and spirits. We have it from all visitors to Cuba that the soldiers there are well and hearty, and pleased with their assignment. From Porto Rico comes a similar story. Health, energy and contentment are found in all the camps. The troops, indeed, would be in no finer fighting fettle if they were at home.

Now, this is in flagrant violation of every prediction made by the anti-expansionists at the close of the war with Spain. They were religiously certain that the Americans could not live in the tropics, but would sicken and die in no time. Cuba was a pest hole and could never be made otherwise for people accustomed to our climate. Porto Rico was little if any better. And as far as the Philippines were concerned it was simply murder by wholesale to send thousands of men from this country to spend as much as a month's time there. It was dumping soldiers into a swamp heated and poisoned by the tropical sun, where their strength would be rapidly consumed and they rot by regiments. This was urged with great vehemence in order to discourage enlistments for the regulars when it became necessary to relieve the volunteers.

Equally confident were the anti-expansionists, too, that it was quite beyond our powers to administer affairs successfully for tropical people even for the briefest period. But Generals Wood, and Wilson, and Lee, and Ludlow are getting along capitally in Cuba. There is general testimony to that effect. General Henry achieved success in Porto Rico, and General Davis is continuing the good work.—[Washington Star.

DEWEY EXPECTED VICTORY.

"We'll wipe up the floor with them," was what Dewey said to Captain Dyer of the Baltimore when they were in Hong Kong just before the Spanish war broke out. Captain Dyer said to the Boot and Shoe Club that he had made up his mind that the fleet in Chinese waters would have little to do, but when he reported to Admiral Dewey he very soon learned that the admiral had a plan all ready, and which he was aching to carry out.

Admiral Dewey read Captain Dyer some letters he had received from Manila, and some information he had relating to the strength of the Spanish fleet out there. Then he remarked to Captain Dyer: "We'll wipe up the floor with them."

There was some talk that the Spanish fleet would scatter before the American squadron could get to it.

"Scatter," Admiral Dewey said. "Yes, I'm afraid that's what they'll do."

The news of Sampson's victory off Santiago, Captain Dyer said, did not reach Manila until July 17. On that day a Japanese warship entered the harbor and brought some despatches. One was addressed to Admiral Dewey and it gave the result of the fight.

"Pretty soon," said Captain Dyer, "there were some ridiculous antics to be seen in the cabin. Some one proposed to 'see 'em up.' Then Captain Walker took hold of Admiral Dewey around the waist and they waltzed around the cabin. The rest of us leaped about like a lot of pleased children."

There was never a simpler battle fought, Captain Dyer said, in the history of naval warfare than the battle of Manila bay. The excellent foresight and direction of Admiral Dewey in planning the engagement was praised by the speaker.

A BIG BRIDGE.

The Pennsylvania railroad has awarded the initial contracts for the erection of what will probably be the longest solid masonry bridge structure in the world, and which, when completed, will have cost $1,000,000 or more. The new bridge is to be erected across the Susquehanna river at Rockville almost adjoining the present structure at that point, which it is to replace, and will require several years for construction. It will consist of 48 solid masonry arches, constructed upon Pennsylvania railroad standard masonry plans of cut stone, each arch being 72 feet in the clear, and giving it a total length when completed of between 3,600 and 3,700 feet, and will be built sufficiently wide to accommodate three tracks.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

French Songs.

"Mysto," Delibes.
"L'Esclave," E. Lalo.
"Repose-toi," Bemberg.
"Vieille Chanson," Bizet.
"Tu me dirais," Chaminade

—AND—

ENGLISH SONGS AND BALLADS.

JOHN ROGERS,

210 THAMES STREET.

FISCHER

ESTABLISHED 1840,

PIANOS

RENOWNED FOR TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE

FISCHER PIANO

FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER

110,000

PIANOS HAVE BEEN MANUFACTURED BY THIS FIRM.

Grand and Upright Pianos

IN RARE WOODS AND CHASTE DESIGNS. WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

J. & C. FISCHER,

33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts New York,

—OR—

MANN & ECCLES,

347 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

BICYCLES.

A Full Line for 1900.

Wolff-American.
Dayton.
Spalding.
Iver Johnson.

Everything in the Repair Line

HEATH & CO.,

14 Bellevue Avenue

EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW

That I REPAIR Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Cash Registers, Typewriters, Engines, Boilers, and all kinds of machinery, at my new shop, 6 Marlboro street. Now is the time to have your wheel put in order for spring. Send me a postal of your wants. I will call and give your order prompt attention.

GEO. W. SMITH,

MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.

6 MARLBORO STREET.

Several Odd Wagon Wheels

IN SERVICEABLE CONDITION.

AND A NUMBER OF

Rain-water Hogsheads and Casks

FOR SALE BY

HENRY A. THORNDIKE,

65 & 67 BRIDGE STREET;

62 & 64 LONG WHARF.

ATTENTION!

Do not fail to stop in my

Flower Store, 234 Thames St

Everything you buy will be fresh and first class.

Funeral and Wedding Work a Specialty

PRICES VERY LOW. H. J. HASS.

CHAMPION'S LINE.

28 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats.

TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Summer Cottages

Season of 1900,

To Rent.

Several cottages at Renfrew Park near Newport Beach, 5 minutes' walk from the electric railway. Cottages have from 10 to 12 rooms, and are handsomely furnished. With open fireplaces, decorated ceilings, exposed plumbing and sanitary drainage. Healthy location, view unsurpassed, excellent lawns, large stables for accommodation of horses and carriages. Grounds kept in order by experienced gardeners. Bath house on beach with each cottage. Address for pamphlet P. J. Murphy, 105 Spring street, and all real estate agents.

I Can Write Insurance At Very Low Rates

On dwellings and furniture, for three or five years, in large companies.

WM. G. WARD, JR.,

169 THAMES STREET.

TELEPHONE NO. 48.

FOR RENT.

Coles Estate, Bellevue Ave. and Dixon St.

This fine Bellevue avenue property will be put in thorough order and attractively furnished.

It is offered for rent for next season only, because present owner will occupy "Rhua House."

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE.

JOHN WHIPPLE,

Real Estate and Insurance.

For Sale,

AT JAMESTOWN,

TWO FARMS,

Each containing 60 acres, on the west shore, one for $3,000 and the other for $2,700.

House lots, containing 5,000 square feet, $150 each. Sewer and water.

APPLY TO

C. T. KNOWLES,

BAY VIEW HOUSE, JAMESTOWN, R. I.

INSURANCE

Of every description written at

Reduced Rates

In strongest companies.

A. S. SHERMAN,

MERCHANTS BANK.

IF YOU WANT GOOD HELP

LEARY'S Drop a postal to INTELLIGENCE OFFICE

103 Broadway.

Does Your Dinner Distress You? TRY THE

BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.

SEMIT TABLETS

The tried and true cure for indigestion, constipation, biliousness, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.

"I suffered great distress after eating. I saw Semit Tablets advertised and bought some to try them. I found that they helped me immediately. I am now comparatively free from digestive troubles. I can honestly recommend Semit Tablets to those who suffer as I did.

"EDGAR L. ARNOLD."

People's Savings Bank,
Woonsocket, R. I., June 3, 1899.

All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Refuse Substitutes. Get Semit

FINANCIAL.

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233 Thames Street.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to check.

Execute all orders through Members New York and Boston Stock Exchanges, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.

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(INCORPORATED).

Capital Stock, $500,000.
Full Paid and Non-Assessable.

A limited number of shares is offered for sale by the company at $.75 (seventy-five cents) per share par value per share $1, which price can only be maintained for a short time, when the price will advance rapidly.

Certificates of stock will be delivered at the office of the Vice President, A. C. Titus, Thames street, or at the office of F. J. Davis, Secretary, 16 Pelham street, Newport, R. I.

For further information as to the plan of operating, etc., apply to

President, HON. MELVILLE BULL.
Treasurer, CHARLES T. STERNE.
General Manager, E. F. SCANLAN.

F. A. ROGERS & CO.,

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Newton Building, COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STREETS.

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Life Insurance Investments and Local Bank Stocks.

TELEPHONE 257.

JAMES W. NOYES,

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Dealer in
NEW YORK & BROOKLYN FINANCIAL

Trust Co's Stocks.

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See my correct and reliable daily tables of quotations, etc., in most of the Wall Street publications.

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Guaranteed R. R. and Telegraph Stocks and Miscellaneous Securities.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS,

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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposits subject to check at sight. Railroads reorganized and trade combinations effected. Act as Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors.

U. S. Bonds, all issues bought and sold.

Branch Offices: 202 Fifth avenue, corner 25th street; 187 Broadway, Silk Exchange Building, 66 Worth street, and 39 Thomas street, 87 Hudson street, Mercantile Exchange; 10 Court street, Brooklyn.

HOTEL GRENOBLE,

NEW YORK,

7th Avenue and 56th Street.

New, Fireproof, All Modern Conveniences.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

WARREN LELAND, JR.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 24, Wall Street—The stock market opened irregular, with Atchison preferred at 69¾, Burlington 128, Continental Tobacco 32, Federal Steel 50⅞, Leather 14½, Manhattan 95, Missouri Pacific 48½, New York Central 135⅞, Brooklyn Transit 68½, Northern Pacific 56¼, People's Gas 99, Rock Island 111½, Sugar 105, St. Paul 122⅝, Southern preferred 59⅜, Union Pacific 54½, and Union Pacific preferred 75⅝.

10—Buying for London account turned prices upward at the opening, the international stocks leading. Baltimore & Ohio and Denver & Rio Grande preferred advanced one and 1¾, and Pennsylvania and Denver & Rio Grande common rose a sharp fraction each. There were slight declines here and there in the specialties, but the tendency was towards recovery after the opening.

11—An effort was made to force selling of the general list by raiding the New York Tractions, which yielded one to three points, the latter in Metropolitan Railroad. Railroad stocks were, however, steadily advanced, Denver & Rio Grande common and preferred extending their gains to 2¼ and 1¾ respectively. Trunk line issues were carried up sharply, Baltimore & Ohio touching 75½ and Pennsylvania 139⅝. The western group showed sympathy with St. Paul's rise on its favorable weekly statement of earnings. Shorts were forced to cover in the specialties, Metropolitan rallying two and Sugar and People's Gas one to two.

Closing—Money on call, nominal; no loans today; closed offered at 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾ @ 5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, at $4.85⅝ for demand and $4.82 @ ⅛ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.89½ @ 87; commercial bills, $4.81¼ @ ¾; silver certificates, 60¼ @ 61¼; bar silver, 59⅝; Mexican dollars, 47¾; government bonds, easier; railroad bonds, strong. The market for railroad stocks continued active, broad and strong. Pennsylvania was taken in enormous blocks up to 140 and Atchisons led the western group in point of activity. The favorable bank statement brought some realizing, but offerings promptly decreased at fractional recessions in prices. Bids had to be raised again to the best prices to bring out stock. The Tractions rallied, on covering by shorts, to above last night's prices and the advance in the whole market was resumed. Baltimore & Ohio extended its gain to over three points. The Tractions became unsettled again in the late dealings, but without influence on the general list. The closing was active and buoyant, at about the top level and at substantial net gains throughout the railroad list.

NEW YORK, March 24,—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, increase, $3,130,875; loans, decrease, $12,580,700; specie, decrease, $1,030,700; legal tenders, increase, $670,000; deposits, decrease, $13,060,300; circulation, increase, $391,300. The banks now hold $5,817,300 in excess of legal requirements.

NEW YORK, March 24.

	Closing.
Atchison	26⅝
Atchison preferred	70¼
Canada Southern	51¼
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	128½
C., C., C. & St. Louis	63½
Delaware & Hudson	116½
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	182
Erie	13⅝
Illinois Central	115
Lake Shore	206
Louisville & Nashville	85½
Manhattan	94½
Metropolitan Traction	162
Missouri Pacific	48⅞
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	10½
New Jersey Central	117
New York Central	137
Northern Pacific	56¼
Northern Pacific preferred	76¼
Northwestern	103
Ontario & Western	24⅞
Oregon Navigation	42
Reading	18⅞
Rock Island	111¼
St. Paul	122⅝
St. Paul preferred	171⅞
Southern Pacific	40¼
Texas & Pacific	18¼
Union Pacific	54⅞
Wabash	7¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie	11½
Adams Express	115
Wells, Fargo Express	122
American Spirits	2⅞
American Tobacco	103
Continental Tobacco	33½
Continental Tobacco preferred	85⅞
General Electric	130
Lead	21½
Pooling Mail	37
Pullman Palace	183
Sugar	106⅝
Tennessee Coal & Iron	94
Leather	14½
Rubber	30½
Western Union	81

In the general market there is a strong undertone which would be more safely expressed in the present rise if the April settlements were safely passed. Until these are over we are exposed to sudden stringency in money rates and consequent reactions in stocks. On the other hand general conditions favor a substantial improvement in values. Large railroad earnings have become such an old story that their effect upon values is overlooked, but later this all-important fact must exert its due influence upon the market for railroad shares. As we have repeatedly stated, those shares which have recently joined the dividend list, or are soon likely so to do, offer the best inducements for purchase. The old seasoned dividend payers are now so tightly held at high prices that they offer no attractions to the average investor, while issues of reorganized properties that are in good physical and financial condition are likely to see much better figures than those which rule today. It should also be remembered that the supply of good railroad shares is steadily declining, and our railroad system is so fully developed that there is little prospect of any considerable increase, the growth of branch lines and terminals being a comparatively small source for the creation of new securities. While there is thus little prospect of large new offerings, the supply of funds seeking investment must be rapidly increasing.—[Henry Clews.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

Kay Street House.

Open all the year.

15 KAY STREET.

PERRY HOUSE.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

HOTELS.

OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.

Everett House,

17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.

For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett leads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.

WM. M. BATES. B. L. M. BATES.

HOTEL BRUNSWICK,

BOSTON.

American and European plans.
Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality in the city.

BARNES & DUNKLEE, Proprietors.
HERBERT H. BARNES, Manager.

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Chafing Dishes

IN THE CITY.

Children's Sets, Plated Knife, Fork and Spoon.

TABLE TEA KETTLES,

All sizes and prices on hand.

Brass Andirons, Brass Fenders,
Brass Fire Sets, Brass Coal Hods.

AND MANY OTHERS, AT

W. K. COVELL'S, 163 Thames St.

BUY IT,
USE IT
AND BE CURED.

You cannot sleep nights, and still you persist in taking something said to be equal to it. DON'T BELIEVE IT. There is nothing so good and that will give so quick and lasting relief as

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial.

At all druggists. 25c. a bottle. Try it and get cured of that cough.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean kiln-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn-down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 60 to 75 Mill street.

DEEP RED ASH

Franklin Stove Coal.

FREE-BURNING

Lorberry Red Ash.

Abram Almy, - 173 Thames St.

Newport Illuminating Co.

Electric Lighting.
Electric Power.
Residences and stores furnished for electricity at lowest rates.
Electric Supplies, Fixtures and shades.

449 to 455 THAMES STREET.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Full of Fire

IS THE CHIEF CHARACTERISTIC OF OUR

DIAMONDS.

Every gem is selected with a view to its color and brilliancy, and it is so mounted that its full beauty is shown.

We have loose stones from ¼ to 2 carats which we will mount in original designs to suit purchaser.

HERRMANN,
210 THAMES STREET.

ASPARACUS,

MUSHROOMS, TOMATOES, CUCUMBERS, DANDELIONS, GREEN PEPPERS, BEET TOPS, NEW BEETS, NEW POTATOES, CELERY AND LETTUCE.

—AT—

BURLINGAME & CARRY'S

Anything That's Musical

Will be found at our store. Our specialty is Pianos, but we have a large stock which includes everything in the musical line.

Our prices are guaranteed to be the lowest and our goods are guaranteed to be all right. A large stock of EDISON NEW PROCESS RECORDS just received.

Call and see us whether you wish to buy or not. We are glad to see you and would take pleasure in showing you our stock.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,
154 THAMES STREET.

Alaska Red Salmon
13c. per Tin.

Columbia River Salmon
20c. per Tin.

Kippered Herring,
10c. per Tin.

Soused Mackerel,
15c. per Tin.

Bailey's Ext' of Clams,
Especially good for invalids.
25c. per Tin.

Sardines,
5c., 10c, 15c., 25c., 35c., 40c. per Tin.

Fresh Island Eggs,
At lowest market price.

(The YELLOW coal teams).

"Old Co's" Coals

Will stand up against these March winds and give you all the heat in your house that you require.

"Lykens Valley" Coal

For a very deep red coal, soft and free, burning all up without any waste. At

Perry Brothers.

(The YELLOW coal teams).

APPEAL FROM PORTO RICO.

Island Earnestly Asks the Establishment of Stable Government.

An eloquent appeal to the people of the United States has been issued by the following delegates from Porto Rico to the United States; J. Julio Henna, Azel Ames, T. Larrinaga, J. R. Latimer, L. Sachez Morales and Arturo Bravo. They say:

"In the summer of 1898 General Nelson A. Miles and a small army accomplished a practically bloodless victory over an island which had been 400 years under the yoke of Spanish misrule. Instead of enemies, he found only friends; instead of shot and shell, only cheers of welcome; and, planting there the flag which was hailed as the symbol of a people's deliverance, he promised protection not only to the islanders, but to their property, and to promote prosperity and bestow upon them the immunities and blessings of the liberal institutions of the American government.

"Not content, however, with allowing the people of Porto Rico to remain in ignorance of their exact status as either citizens or subjects of their adopted country; deaf to their cries of distress and blind to their imperative needs, the national Congress now proposes to add ignominy to sorrow and injustice to affliction by imposing upon the island systems of taxation and vassalage as immoral in principle as they are questionable in purpose; as odious to freedom-loving Americans as they are obnoxious to the people they oppress, and identical with those which drove the American patriots of 1776 to resist and destroy by force of arms the tyrant that opposed them.

"Against the express will and wish of the chief executive in his last message to Congress; against the solemn vows of the soldier who first hoisted the flag of freedom over Porto Rican soil; against the honorable Secretary of War, the governors general of the island, the recommendations of the President's special commissioner and the United States consul general to Porto Rico; against the just demands of the Porto Rican delegates, and, above all, against the combined sentiment of the representative press and 75,000,000 of people, whose exponent it is, an unjust and odious tax measure has passed the House of Representatives, and it is now even proposed to set aside all measures establishing civil government for the island.

"The American people and the press, who, thrusting aside all constitutional questions and all subterfuges or sophistries, have recently, almost with one voice, emphatically demanded for Porto Rico, as her right, free commerce with the United States, will be startled and indignant beyond measure to learn that it is now proposed to fling the reduced tariff and a gift of $2,000,000 as a 'sop' to the starving and prostrate island, and to suppress all legislation in Congress establishing stable government—its gravest need—and to relegate the island for another year at least to the ruinous conditions of military rule.

"Compared with this enormity, which means inevitably the putting out of the last ray of hope in the stricken island and turning it over to the blackness of despair, the tariff outrage shrinks to nothing. While as a matter of principle we could never assent to the imposition of any tariff on commerce between the United States and Porto Rico, the reduced schedules proposed (especially if improved, as promised, by the addition of a liberal free list of food supplies, etc.) will perhaps permit tolerable and somewhat bettered conditions; but to deny us stable civil government and the essentials to our very existence, which can come only through it, is to strike down at a blow every hope, promise and possibility of redemption. What have we done, what do we lack, that this last, cold-blooded refinement of oppression should be decreed against us by the voices that pledged us, only so little ago, every good thing under the folds of the American flag?

"It arouses the utmost indignation that a million intelligent Christian people, nearly 80 per cent of Caucasian birth, long in the enjoyment of the highest rights of representation in the national Cortes of Spain; who have had universal suffrage, municipal autonomy and (substantially) free commerce with their sovereign country for years; a community whose thrift, freedom from debt, virtue and achievements bespeak its character, which freed its slaves on its own motion and paid for them without a murmur; whose steadfastness gave it the name, even in Spain, of 'The Ever Faithful Isle,' must now plead for those fundamental civil rights which the fathers of the great republic declared to be the inalienable rights of every man.

"Friends—brothers, if Porto Ricans have the right to call you so—we appeal to your sense of right and honor, praying that you may lift your voices against this perpetration of a crime against your own established principles, this repudiation of a nation's solemn promises to a loyal people starving at your doorstep, and who ask no charity, only justice, at your hands. We do not ask paternalism, but fraternalism; no other bounty than the right to labor and to prosper; not the crumbs from your feast, but the privilege of toiling on an equal footing and proving ourselves worthy to sit at the same board, under the same flag. Is it too much to ask of an honorable individual or nation to fulfill an obligation written in patriots' blood? Once taken into the household, is it too much to ask to be treated not as an outcast, not even as a guest, but as one of the family, in all honor?"

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Rev. C. H. Porter, Jr., of Hingham, Mass., will preach at the Channing Memorial Church.

Rev. Albert Foster, D. D., of Newark, N. J., will occupy the pulpit at the Central Baptist.

At the First Presbyterian the pastor, Rev. George Whitefield Mead, is expected to preach at both services, giving in the evening a special sermon to the St. Andrew Society, the theme being "The Problem of the Church Today."

At the Swedish Mission Church, Wellington avenue, the pastor, Rev. A. F. Hogberg, will preach in the morning on "Conversation Between Christ and His Disciples on the Way to Gethsemane," and in the evening on "Christ's Bitter Suffering in Gethsemane."

At the Union Congregational the pastor, Rev. Byron Gunner, will preach at the morning service on "The Widow Teacher," and in the evening on "A Timely Consideration."

At the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Church, Annandale road, the pastor, Rev. H. Olson, will preach in the morning on "Man's Trouble and God's Consolation," and in the evening on "The Way of the Truth."

Rev. Frederick Towers of Cambridge, Mass., will officiate at Emmanuel Church.

Rev. Father Mills of Gloucester, Mass., will preach at the evening service at the Zabriskie Memorial.

At the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church, Corne street, the pastor, Rev. C. J. A. Holmgren, will preach at the morning service on "The Bread of Life," and in the evening on "The Lord's Question and Our Answer."

At the Shiloh Baptist the pastor, Rev. H. N. Jeter, will preach at the morning service, and in the evening there will be a sacred concert with vocal and instrumental music.

Revival services will be conducted at the Friends' Church by Miss Martha E. Curry of Stoneham, Mass., and Miss Henrietta Mole of Brooklyn, N. Y., beginning Sunday morning.

Dr. McClelland will preach morning and evening at the United Congregational Church. At the evening service, which is for one hour only, he will continue the course of sermons on the "Seven Words from the Cross," the theme being "The Fourth Word, the Word of Doubt." Colonel John Rogers will give an organ recital during 10 minutes before the hour of the evening service, rendering the following selections: Largo, by Bellini and Andante, from Symphony, Op. 21 by Mozart.

At the Mount Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church the pastor, Rev. D. P. Brown, who has been ill, is expected to preach at both services. His topic in the morning will be "Meekness."

At the First Baptist Church the subject of the sermon by the pastor, Rev. B. G. Boardman, in the morning will be "Alliances that Alienate the Affections from God," and in the evening the course o sermons on New Testament conversions will be continued, the subject being "The Conversion of a City Official."

At the Second Baptist the pastor, Rev J. F. Fleming, will preach both morning and evening, the subject in the morning being "A Fable and its Moral," and that in the evening "Being and Having."

At St. George's the services for the fourth Sunday in Lent, known as Mid-Lent, add this year also being the festival of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin, will be at 8, 10:45 and 7:15. The special preacher will be Rev. Stephen H. Ahing of Vermont.

At the Young Men's Christian Association the morning prayer meeting will be led by Fred Weir, at 9:30; Mr. Haendiges, assistant secretary of the Fall River Association, will address the boys' meeting, at 4:15; the men's rally will be addressed by Rev. J. Frank Fleming of this city, and there will be special music, at 5:30.

NEWPORT'S ALASKA VENTURE.

Manager E. F. Scanlan reports more success than he expected in receiving subscriptions for the stock of the Russian American Gold Mining Company, some of whose members expect to go up to Alaska and take in some of the gold in the Cape Nome district. The reports of the richness of the finds in this region, the vast extent of territory they cover and the great influx of prospectors promised for next season, over 15,000 passages being already booked by steamers, make it certain that next year will be a great one in the Cape Nome gold fields.

CEDARS TWENTY CENTURIES OLD.

The sturdy storm-enduring red cedar delights to dwell on the tops of granite domes and ridges and glacier pavements of the upper pine belt, at an elevation of 7,000 to 10,000 feet, where it can get plenty of sunshine and snow and elbow room without encountering quick-growing, over-shadowing rivals. It never makes anything like a forest, seldom comes together even in groves, but stands out separate and independent in the wind, clinging by slight joints to the rock, living chiefly on snow and thin air, and maintaining tough health on this diet for at least 2,000 years, every feature and gesture expressing steadfast, dogged endurance. * * * Some are undoubtedly more than 2,000 years old. For though on good moraine soil they grow about as fast as oaks, on bare pavements and smoothly glaciated overswept granite ridges in the dome region they grow extremely slowly. One on the Starr King ridge, only two feet eleven inches in diameter, was 1 140 years old. Another on the same ridge, only one foot seven and a half inches in diameter, had reached the age of 834 years.

The first fifteen inches from the bark of a medium-sized tree—six feet in diameter—on the north Tenaya pavement, had 850 layers of wood, or 57 to the inch. Beyond this the count was stopped by dry rot and overgrown wounds. The largest I examined was 33 feet in girth, or nearly 10 in diameter; and though I failed to get anything like a complete count, I learned enough from this and many other specimens to convince me that most of the trees eight to 10 feet thick, standing on polished glacier pavements, are more than 20 centuries of age rather than less. Barring accidents, for all I can see, they would live forever. When killed they waste out of existence about as slowly as granite. Even when overthrown by avalanches, after standing so long, they refuse to lie at rest, leaning stubbornly on their big elbows, as if anxious to rise, while a single root holds to the rock, putting forth fresh leaves with a grim never-say-die and never-lie-down expression.—[John Muir in the Atlantic.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing the work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

MARCHANT STREET LANDS.

City Evidently Not Anxious to Acquire Them for Park Purposes.

A hearing on the act providing that certain land in Newport shall be condemned by the state and set apart for the use of the city as a park was given by the house committee on judiciary yesterday afternoon at the State House in Providence. The act is as follows:

The secretary of state is hereby authorized and directed to make, execute, acknowledge and deliver in the name of the state of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations a deed conveying unto the city of Newport, a municipal corporation in this state, all of the right, title and interest of the state of Rhode Island in and to that certain lot or parcel of land, wholly or in part covered with water, formerly a navigable salt water creek and tide-flowed marsh, situate in the southern portion of the said city of Newport and bounded northerly on Wellington avenue, easterly on Marchant street, southerly by the lot of land indicated as lot number 323 on plat number 39 of the tax assessors' plats of said city of Newport, and westerly by the westerly line of the roadway, indicated on said plat as Clinton avenue; the same being indicated as lots numbers 34 and 35 and as Clinton avenue adjoining said plat 39, of a part of which plat a copy is annexed hereto and marked exhibit A; said premises to be held, used and improved by the city of Newport for a public park, forever; provided, however, that nothing in this act or in said conveyance shall be held or construed to create any liability or obligation against said city of Newport, as to said lands or any part thereof.

A communication from the city solicitor of Newport was read, as was also an opinion of his upon this matter presented to the joint committee on streets and highways in the city of Newport. In this opinion the city solicitor did not commit himself, but expressed the opinion that the act might result in the city having to pay quite considerable sums as damages.

The members of the committee did not seem to favor the bill, particularly since it was not evident that the city of Newport was especially anxious to use the land for park purposes, as the city was unwilling to assume any liability or obligation in the matter. After some discussion it seemed to the committee that the only thing to do under the circumstances was to recommend the indefinite postponement of the act.

MISS SAMPSON'S WEDDING.

About 1,500 invitations have been sent out for the wedding of Miss Hannah Walker Sampson, youngest daughter of Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, U. S. N., to Ensign Wat Tyler Cluverius, U. S. N., to take place on the evening of April 5, at the commandant's house at the Boston navy yard.

Miss Sampson is known throughout the service and among her civilian friends as Miss Nannie Sampson. She is a very attractive, vivacious and refined young woman—a college girl (Wells College, Cayuga Lake, N. Y.), with the Sampson liking for good literature.

Mr. Cluverius was born in New Orleans, and was appointed to the Naval Academy in May, 1892. He was on the Maine when she was destroyed, and served on the Scorpion in the war with Spain. Afterward he was transferred to the Solace and went to Manila. Mr. Cluverius has received orders recently to report for duty at the Naval Academy as instructor in gunnery. Aside from his excellent official record in the service—which, by the way, indicates that during some four years his attention to duty has been so constant that he has had no opportunity for a vacation or a brief leave—he is known as a fine, all-round fellow.

The ceremony, which will be simple and brief, will be performed by Rev. Frank J. Goodwin, a Congregational minister of Pawtucket, R. I., who was the Sampsons' pastor at their home in Glen Ridge, N. J. There are to be no bridesmaids. The maid of honor, a pretty little flower girl, will be Marjorie Smith of Cambridge, daughter of Admiral Sampson's son-in-law, Lieutenant Roy C. Smith, U. S. N.

This wedding of Miss Sampson draws attention to a singular and pleasant fact with regard to the admiral's four daughters. With the function April 5, they will all have been married to Southerners—three of them in the navy—hailing from Alabama, Texas, Virginia, and the latest, Louisiana.

Mr. Cluverius is a typical young Southern gentleman. His father died some time ago, and his mother, Mrs. W. P. Cluverius of New Orleans, will attend the wedding.

DISCOUNT SALE.

China, Glass and Earthenware.

My annual discount sale will begin Monday, March 5, and continue through the month.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Red Ash Chestnut

COAL.

lso other arieties of first-quality coals.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,
WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.
Telephone 207-3.

Soap! Soap! Soap!

Now is the time to lay in a stock of soap. This week we will sell it for one half of what you can buy it for in a few weeks from now.

BEST UNWRAPPED LAUNDRY SOAP—10 bars for 25c.; per box, $2.50. It cannot be manufactured today for 4c. per bar. This soap is guaranteed equal to any soap on the market.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP—7 bars for 25c.; 13 bars for 50c. Look at the wrappers on this soap, and you will see that you will get more value in presents by saving the wrappers than the soap costs you.

Armour's Washing Powder, per pkg., 5c.; Armour's Floating Tar Soap, per bar, 5c.; Armour's White Soap, per bar, 5c. Examine the wrappers on this soap, and see what presents you can get by saving the wrappers.

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER, 4-lb. pkg., 16c.

TEAS AND COFFEES—Why not drink good tea. Fancy teas, usually sold for 60c.; per pound, 47c.; fancy Mocha and Java coffee, usually sold for 35c. per lb. 29c.

EGGS—Do not forget that we always have strictly fresh eggs on hand.

N. Y. BUTTER AND GROCERY HOUSE,
E. A. Edos & Co.,
140 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. May Malone, Mrs. Endicott and Miss Fannie Harvey were entertained by Mrs. William T. Harvey Thursday, it being the thirtieth anniversary of her marriage.

Mr. Perry Chase is turning the Anthony windmill, on the lot which he purchased from Mr. Henry Anthony, into a barn.

A number of neighbors gave Mr. and Mrs. John L. Borden a surprise party Friday evening.

Miss Grace Hicks of Bristol Ferry has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Albert W. Lawrence.

Mrs. Edward M. Chace, with her two children, went to Newport Friday, to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Bassett.

Henry Aydelotte, a minister of the Society of Friends in Fall River, will preach at Friends' meeting, Portsmouth, Sunday morning.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union had a parlor meeting this week at the house of the president, Mrs. Benjamin Greene. Rev. E S. Hammond was prevented by illness from preparing the paper assigned him and Rev. Henry W. McCrone took his place, giving an interesting and instructive treatment of the subject.

Mrs. Elwood G. Macomber visited her aunt, Mrs. Gould Anthony of Westport, Thursday.

Mr. Cornelius S. Green of Stone Bridge, who was stricken with apoplexy Thursday, died early Friday evening. Mr. Green was the only son of the late Benjamin and the late Mary (Cory) Green and was 59 years of age. He leaves a wife, one son, Frank; one daughter, Lizzie, and a sister, Mrs. Harriet Brown of Connecticut. Mr. Green owned the land sold to the electric railway for Island Park, and also all that opposite the park which has been so largely covered with buildings.

Gideon W. Almy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Almy, went to the Rhode Island Hospital a few days ago and Thursday sustained an operation for appendicitis. He is now comfortable and the prospect excellent for his complete recovery.

The stock of C. C. & C. E. Chase, which was purchased by Messrs. Herbert S. Grinnell, George A. Wyatt and John T. Gardner, was offered by private sale at first and later at auction. For some time various articles have been missed, and this week among other articles two cases of drawers were taken. The windows or doors show no evidence of being disturbed.

PHOTOGRAPHS IN RELIEF.

A valuable process for converting a photographic film into a photo-plastic relief, which may be used for moulding glass and many other purposes, has resulted from an accidental discovery by M. Sekatowicz. To re-inforce a negative film, it was placed in a solution of mercury bi-chloride, when a surface of more than usual relief was produced. Seeking the cause, the experimenter found that a mistake in weighing had given a solution of great strength, and further trial proved that the degree of relief could be varied according to the concentration of the bath. To utilize the discovery, a plaster impression was at once made. The wet film was placed upon the moistened, plane surface of a block of fine plaster, and in a few minutes was firmly fixed to this support, the side in relief being uppermost. A layer of plaster flowed over this gave a reproduction that served for making copper moulds by the usual galvanoplastic treatment.

AUCTION SALES.

By Thomas Burlingham, Auctioneer.

Monday, March 26, at 12 M.,

The building damaged by fire at the Newport Hospital, Friendship Street.

To be removed in 14 days from date.
Conditions of sale cash.

Master's Sale of Real Estate.

APPELLATE DIVISION,
SUPREME COURT.

William G. Townsend, Executor. vs. Rebecca Howell et al. } No. 338.

BY VIRTUE of a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 8th day of May A. D. 1899, there will be sold at public auction, in the City of Newport, on **Saturday, April 7, A. D. 1900,** as follows, at twelve o'clock, noon, on said day, on the premises next hereinafter described, all that certain lot or parcel of land with the dwelling house and improvements thereon, bounded, Southerly, on Prospect Hill Street, Westerly, on land of John S. Langley, Northerly, partly on land of Mary B. Newton, partly on land of Carl Jurgens and partly on land now or late of Sarah A. Leavitt;

And at half past twelve o'clock P. M., on said day on the premises next hereinafter described, all that certain lot or parcel of land, with the dwelling house and improvements thereon, bounded, Southerly, on Prospect Hill Street, Westerly, on land now or late of C. and J. Merrill, Northerly, partly on land of the Channing Memorial Church, partly on land of the devisees of W. H. Smith, deceased, and partly on land now or formerly of Seth B. Stitt.

WILLIAM G. TOWNSEND, Executor.

Newport, March 5, 1900.

Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, gold and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS for the prices have risen considerably.

E. C. Blaine's, 245 Thames street.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Public Hearing.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 22, 1900.

The Committee on Special Legislation of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in a bill entitled

"AN ACT TO LIMIT THE LABOR OF STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYES TO TEN HOURS PER DAY"

in the House Chamber, State House, Providence, on Tuesday, March 27th, 1900, at 2 o'clock P. M.

CHARLES DEAN KIMBALL, Chairman.
FREDERICK A. JONES, Clerk.
87 Weybosset St.

NEW BOOKS.

New Books.

"Mirry Ann," A Manx Story, by Norma Lorimer.
"The Greatest Gift," by A. W. Marchmont.
"The Prelude and the Play," by Rufus Mann
Iroka: Tales of Japan, by Adachi Kinosuke.
"The Mystery of Choice," by Robert W. Chambers.
"The Court of Boyville," by William Allen White.
"Michelangelo,"
"Rembrandt,"
A collection of pictures with introduction and interpretation by Estelle M. Hurll.

SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street
Successor to G. E. Hammett, Jr.
TELEPHONE 121-3.

The Prang Platinettes.

A COLLECTION OF ARTISTIC AND INEXPENSIVE REPRODUCTIONS OF THE MASTERPIECES OF GREAT ARTISTS.
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR ART LOVERS, AND FOR SCHOOL DECORATION.
Size about 7 by 9 inches.
100 Different Subjects Now Ready.
Others in Preparation.
PRICE 5c. EACH.
Ask for List of Subjects.

SOLE AGENCY.
CARR'S BOOK SHOP,
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Transfer Express Co.,

Truckers and General Forwarders.
Heavy Trucking a Specialty.
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BRANCH OFFICES, 272 Thames St. and New York freight depot.
Telephone 371-2.

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